

WE HAVE A Lot of New Things in Shoes

That Have Just Come In

Keiths Konquerer for Men, Some Beautiful Patents for Boys and the
Celebrated Moore-Shafer line for Women.

Last but not least; some of the choice styles in Moloney's goods for Girls
Then besides these fine goods we are well fixed on good everyday well-
wearing Shoes for everybody. We carry some of the best lines in the
whole country. For instance, the Dayton Railroad shoe—you can't wear
them out. The M. D. Wells & Co.—none better made. Then the C.
Getchins goods—everybody knows them.

COME AND SEE SHOES AT
SPAFFORD & COLE.

... GO TALK TO ...

H. ZANDER

ON

Clothing, Hats and Shoes

Or Anything in the Line of

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Farm Work

May have been a pleasure when it was all done with a hoe and a crooked
stick, but when done with the Champion Improved Farm Machinery it is not only a
pleasure, but is done more cheaply and thoroughly than is possible with
hand labor. We have in stock at present
a large line of

**Champion Binders, Mowers &
Rakes, Thomas Tedders**
Cultivators, Plows, Buggies and Wagons of all Makes.

The De Laval Cream Separator

Is the most important and necessary article on
any farm and is conceded the best separator on
the market. We have sold 14 of them right
here so far this season. Come in and see them.

LEWIS HARDWARE CO.



**TOMAHAWK LAKE
BOAT LIVERY**
JAS. WINTERS, Prop.

Boats for all Lakes and
Rivers.
Minnows and Frogs for Sale

**TOMAHAWK LAKEWIS
ST. VITUS DANCE**
permanently cured at a cost of from
five to ten dollars. For ample proof
and full particulars, write
E. G. CLARK
WAUSAU WISCONSIN

Orders taken for all kinds of wood,
dry or green.
H. ROBBINS LUMBER CO.

**THE
MORE**

You wear Collars and Cuffs
That are Laundered by the

Rhineland Steam Laundry

**THE
MORE**

You want.

Phone 93. Opp. Armory
THE RED WAGON

**LAW,
REAL ESTATE LOANS,**

INSURANCE.

The above lines are covered at the
agency of

PAUL BROWNE

Christ. Roepcke,
MANUFACTURER OF
Heavy and Light Harness,
Price from \$22.50 to \$35.00, strictly
hand made.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE

DAVENPORT STREET

MURDER AND SUICIDE

**Paul Morrill Shoots Daughter Then
Kills Himself.**

Paul Morrill, aged fifty-eight, a
settling near Carou, shot and
instantly killed his step-daughter,
Miss Blanche Morrill, aged twenty,
at their home early Sunday morn-
ing. The weapon used was a shot
gun. After committing the crime,
Morrill then shot himself in the
same manner. Particulars of the
tragedy have been hard to obtain
here. It is said that the girl was
engaged to marry a man to whom the
old gentleman strongly objected.
The ceremony however, was to take
place in two weeks, despite Morrill's
bitterness toward the match. He is
said to have pleaded with the girl,
but to no avail, and at last threat-
ened to kill her if she carried out her
determination. Little attention was
paid to this threat, and it was while
she lay asleep in her bed between
the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock a. m.
that the old man took her life. He
placed the muzzle of the gun directly
against her head and fired, death
resulting instantly. He then left the
house and going to the rear of the
building proceeded to cut short his
own existence. Fastening the stock
of the gun by a strap to his foot, he
fired a string to the trigger and leav-
ing forward, died. His brains were
completely blown out. Neighbors
were horrified to discover the bodies
the day following. Undertaker F. A.
Hildebrand of this city was notified
to ship two caskets to that place,
which he did Sunday morning. Burial
was made at Carou.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Christ. Robertson, aged twenty
years, son of Geo. Robertson a north
side merchant, was instantly killed
last Wednesday afternoon by the ac-
cidental discharge of a 22 calibre rifle
in the hands of Frank Rutledge. The
unfortunate affair occurred about
three miles east of this city on the
Soo line. In the vicinity of Shepard
Lake. Robertson and Rutledge had
left this city on a railroad velocipede
and had taken along the rifle in or-
der to shoot small game which might
be seen along the track. Robertson
had just shot a squirrel when he
handed the weapon to Rutledge to
reload. In doing so, in some man-
ner, the rifle suddenly discharged,
the bullet entering through Robert-
son's back and penetrating the heart.
Death was instantaneous.

A RUSSIAN COLONY.

Henry Wubker was down from the
town of Newbold Tuesday and in-
formed us that five Russian families
from Chicago will arrive within a few
weeks and locate on lands in that
town. They are all good farmers
and will assist greatly in developing
that part of the county. Mr. Wub-
ker says they will probably be fol-
lowed by more of their countrymen
later in the year, and before fall looks
for quite a large Russian colony
there.

MRS. RAMSEY VIEAU DEAD.

The death of Mrs. Ramsey Vieau,
one of Oneida county's old residents,
occurred last Wednesday evening at
the home of her daughter Mrs. J.
Rett in Jagen. The lady was over
seventy years of age. Since the
death of her husband in this city two
years ago, she had resided with her
daughter. The remains were brought
here Friday and the funeral held Sat-
urday morning.

MURDERER CAPTURED.

James Wepfinger, the insane man
who killed Chief of Police McArthur
of Antigo, was captured Thursday
within four miles of that city by
Sheriff Driggs of Langlade county.
Driggs and a deputy tracked the man
through the woods for two days and
at last found him hidden in a hay
marsh. Driggs crept from behind
and captured him with but little
difficulty.

OLD HOTEL AFIRE.

The fire department was called to
the old Lake View House in the
north end of the city early Saturday
evening. The roof of the structure
had caught fire perhaps from a spark
from a near by refuse burner and
was making rapid headway when
the department arrived. The firemen
worked diligently and in a short
time had the blaze under control.
The building is one of the old land-
marks of Rhineland. The damage
was not heavy.

LOSES HIS HAND.

C. R. Carnes, whose family reside
in this city, met with an unfortunate
accident, while hunting near Cran-
don, Monday afternoon, resulting in
the loss of his left hand. It is said
that Mr. Carnes had his hand over
muzzle of his shot gun, when the
weapon exploded.

GEO. E. WOOD DEAD.

Geo. E. Wood, of the Geo. E. Wood
Lumber Co., and founder of the vil-
lage of Woodboro, died Sunday night
from pneumonia at his home in
Chicago, aged sixty-eight years.

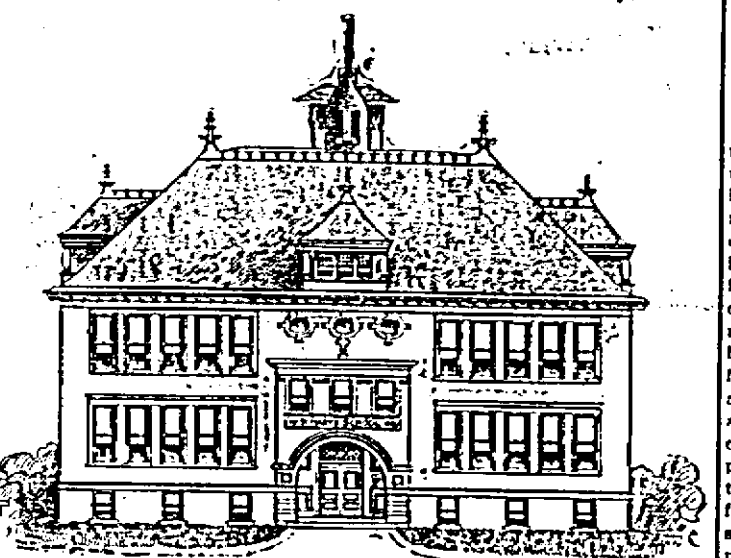
REV. P. SCHMITZ GOES TO MENASHA

Father Schmitz, who has been
pastor of St. Mary's church in this
city for nearly seven years, has been
appointed pastor of the Catholic
church in Menasha, Wis., and will
assume his new duties as pastor
Sunday July 23. This promotion is
a well deserved recognition of the
work done by Father Schmitz in
Rhineland and throughout the
state, Menasha being one of the best
congregations of Green Bay diocese.



Father Schmitz came to Rhineland
in 1899 to assume charge of the
then small church and congregation,
which has grown under his manage-
ment to be the largest in the city.
At that time the church was endea-
voring, with poor success, to build a
school house. The Bishop told in
church here how four priests had
failed in trying to build the school,
but Father Schmitz gained permis-

sion to make the attic of
was successful, as the al-
terations produced, with the
When Father Schmitz had been
six months the church building
nothing was saved. He then,
upon his hands the building of
church and school house, and
Rhineland can boast of one of the
finest Catholic churches and schools
in Northern Wisconsin. The altar
of the church and many of the furni-
tures of the school building were the
personal property of Father Schmitz
which he has donated to the church.
He is a tireless worker and every
winter has made personal visits to
lumber camps collecting funds to
carry on his work here. Since he
has been a priest he has built five
churches and two school houses.
He has made many friends in Rhine-
lander outside his church as well as
among members and his departure
from our midst is much regretted.
But as Rhineland is now in the
diocese of Superior it is his wish to
remain in the Green Bay diocese
where his life work has been and it
was after a conference between Arch-
bishop Messmer, Bishop Fox and
Bishop Schuler that it was decided
to promote Father Schmitz and
leave him in his old diocese, notwith-
standing the earnest request of Bishop
Schuler that he remain in Rhine-
lander. By the personal recommenda-
tion of Father Schmitz, Father Fran-
cis DeSales Luetichwager, of New
Franken, Brown county, will suc-
ceed him as pastor of St. Mary's.
Father Schmitz, the friend of every-
body regardless of creed, an earnest
worker, a fearless, independent man,
is about to leave us for a larger field
of labor. His last sermon as pastor
of St. Mary's will be next Sunday
morning. He goes Monday.



THE RACES.

The races at the fair grounds Sun-
day morning were witnessed by a
large and enthusiastic audience.
Two races were called off, three heats
of a half mile in each. In the first
race were entered "Prince C" owned
by P. T. Coon, "Little Jack" owned
by F. S. Roberts, and "Little Chute"
owned by F. S. Roberts. First and third
heats were won by "Prince C" and
"Little Chute" got the second heat.
Best time 1:10.
In the second race were entered
"Helene" owned by Claude Steppard,
"Jimmie O" owned by P. F. Seibel,
and "Topsy" owned by F. E. Jack-
son. "Helene" won first and second
heats. Best time 1:20.

FRED BLOOM MARRIES.

Fred F. Bloom of this city and
Miss Martha Taylor of Oshkosh were
married at the bride's home July 8th.
The groom is the eldest son of Mr.
and Mrs. John Bloom. For some
time he has been numbered among
the Soo line's popular engineers and
is a young man who commands the
respect of his numerous friends and
fellow employees. The bride is but
slightly known here but is a charm-
ing young lady and will doubtless
make many friends among our peo-
ple. Mr. and Mrs. Bloom have re-
sided at the O'Hare residence on the south
side.

OLD WOODSMAN DEAD.

Frank McDonald, aged fifty four
years, died Friday at the county
poor farm where he had been brought
the day previous from Woodruff.
McDonald was a well known wood-
man and had worked in this locality
for several years. For some time he
had been in failing health. The re-
mains were interred in Forest Home
cemetery Saturday morning.

BARTON-MARKS NUPTIALS.

Miss Berake Marks daughter of
Mr. and Mrs. S. Marks of this city,
and Truman Barton of Columbus Ky.,
were married July 4th at Antigo.
The ceremony was performed by Rev.
Hall of the M. E. church. The young
couple returned to Rhineland Thurs-
day morning and will soon com-
mence housekeeping.

BARNES CHAIRMAN.

John Barnes of Rhineland was
unanimously elected chairman of the
new state railroad commission at
Madison Monday. Mr. Barnes has
assumed his new duties and is now
in Madison with the other members
of the commission.

RAILROAD SHOPS AT TOMAHAWK.

The Wisconsin Valley division of
the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul
railway shops have been removed to
Tomahawk from Tomahawk, Wis. Ac-
cording to the Tomahawk Leader,
that city will probably be made a
terminal for freight trains shortly,
and will necessitate the removal to
that city of a number of families.

For SALE—Black driving horse.
Inquire Eliat Stone.

**SEE EBY
The Land Man
About It**

For sale, a 12 room house on On-
da Avenue near Court House with all
modern improvements, one of the
finest homes in the city; will sell way
below cost, any one wishing a fine
home should not miss this oppor-
tunity.

Also 26 room cottage in the 6th
ward in a very desirable location and
neighborhood, will sell this cheap
for cash.

I also have other houses and vac-
ant lots for sale cheap and on easy
terms.

Have two farms near city limits
that I will sell cheap for cash or will
exchange them for city property.

Have the B. L. Horr Add. to Rhine-
lander for sale. Those are the best
vacant lots in the city.

List your property with me and
get quick results.

—INQUIRE OF—

G. EBY, RAPIDS HOUSE.
RHINELANDER, WIS.

Backache,
appetite, weak-
ness, Kidneys,
Kidney Pills relieve
and cure it.
H. R. McCarter,
of 201 Cherry St.,
Portland, Ore., in-
spector of freight
for the Trans-Con-
tinental Co., says:
"I used Dana's Kid-
ney Pills for back-
ache and other
symptoms of kid-
ney trouble which
had annoyed me for
months. I think a
cold was responsi-
ble for the whole
trouble. It seemed to settle in my kid-
neys. Dana's Kidney Pills rooted it
out. It is several months since I used
them, and up to date there has been no
recurrence of the trouble."
Dana's Kidney Pills are for
all dealers.



Rickmire's Land Agency, Rhineland, Wis.

20 acre farm to exchange for city
property.

Nine room house with two lots,
house in fine condition, pump in
kitchen, cellar, good barn on lots,
price \$25.00.

Nine room two story house with
lot, good location, rents to two
families, stone foundation, water-
works upstairs and downstairs,
\$200.00.

7 room house and lot with barn
on lot. Handsome good condition and
rents for \$10.00 per month. Price
\$175.00.

Two building lots on south side.
\$200.00.

7 room house with large lot, good
location, barn on lot, waterworks in
kitchen. Price only \$400.00.

40 acres two miles from city limits
with a new frame house on same
that cost \$200.00, well, plenty of
wood, price \$100.00.

List your Farm Lands and City Prop-
erty With Me.

A. P. RICKMIRE, Proprietor.

HANGED IN WOODSHED

**Mike Stika Commits Suicide In School
House Woodshed at Malvern.**

A report reached the city early Sat-
urday evening that the body of an
unknown man had been found hang-
ing in the school house woodshed
near Malvern. Deputy Coroner Mas-
son and undertaker H. P. Morrill
immediately drove to the scene and
found the rumor to be true. The
case was plainly one of suicide. The
man had used an ordinary leather
belt strap to accomplish his deed,
fastening one end to the cross beams
and of the other forming a noose
about his neck. Judging by the de-
composed state of the body it had
probably been hanging there about
thirty-six hours. Nothing could be
found on the clothing which would
serve to identify the man. The re-
mains were brought to Morrill and
Barber's where they were identified
by Chief Straub as those of Mike Stika.
He had worked in the woods and
on the railroad in this section for
the past three years. He was about
fifty years of age and a Poleman.
It is said he has a wife and children
in the old country and that he had
considerable property there. He
was buried in the county cemetery
Sunday forenoon.

NEW BOOKS AT THE LIBRARY.

The following new books were put
out for examination Saturday July 8
and will be ready for circulation Sat-
urday July 15:

GIFT OF THE WOMAN'S CLUB.

Belgium & Holland, Baedeker; Nur-
emberg, Headlam; Durer, Knackfuss;
Hobbes, Knackfuss; Rulens, Knack-
fuss; Van Dyck, Knackfuss; German
Flemish and Dutch School of Paint-
ing, 2 Vol., Kugler; History of Art, 2
Vol., Lubke; Rembrandt, Steinhilber;
German Flemish and Dutch Paint-
ing, Wilton.

NON-EXISTENT.

French Art, Brownell; Dutch Life
in Town and Country, Houss; Dog
Watchers at Sea, Kinn; Lays of An-
cient Rome, McNally; Oxford Con-
cordance; Struggle for a Continent,
Parkman; Wild Beasts, Porter; Or-
ganic Chemistry, Reussen; French
Dictionary, Speller; The Forest, White.

FICTION.

Betty Allen, Austin; Far From The
Maddening Girls, Carry; Mads of
Paradise, Chambers; Dairy of a Fresh-
man, Flandran; The Wolverine, Law-
rence; The Lady of Loyalty House,
McCarthy; Midsommer Easy, Marry-
at; The Exotist, Meredith; Barlach
of the Guard, Merriman; New Samara
Mitchell; Best Tales, Poe; Har-
vard Stories, Post; Cornell Stories,
Sanderson; Tom Cringle's Log, Scott;
On The Highway, Smith; The Pro-
moters, Smith; The Captain's Toll-
gate, Stockton; The River's Children,
Stuart; Fathers and Children, Tur-
genov; John Brent, Whitrop.

REFLECTOR BOOKS.

As The Light Lay, Baskett; The Two
Girls, Blanchard; Last of the Mo-
hicans, Cooper; Lockhart, Crockett;
Soldiers of Fortune, Davis; Adven-
tures of Sherlock Holmes, Doyle;
The Conquest, Dye; The web, HUI;
His Daughter First, Hardy; Ramona,
Jackson; Gordon Keith, Page; Lovey
Mary, Rice; Wreck of The Gipsy, Ror-
er; The Daughter of The Gipsy, Ror-
er; Spearman; Story of Francis Gudge,
Swerman; Rebecca, Wiggins; Autobi-
ography of a Newspaper Girl, Banks;
Famous Adventures and Prison Ex-
periences of the Civil War.

**Capt. Milo Green, Jilted by the Girl He Loves,
Advances Money, with Her Child as Secu-
rity, When She Gets in Financial Diffi-
culties—Claim Is Due September
27 of This Year.**

out at his sick rival;

time it yields 100 pounds of honey annually,

Orders for

Future Delivery Executed In All

MARKETS.

... ..

THE NEW NORTH.

PARK & COMPANY, Publishers

C. M. PARK, Editor and Manager

Some women, probably not ladies, are sending flowers to Charles Anderson the low down criminal who shot and killed one woman in Milwaukee last week, dangerously wounded another and shot at and wounded a boy seventeen years of age. As he said, he would like to kill the whole family. And "women" are carrying him flowers!

Will "women" ever stop making such stupendous blunders of themselves? Or "fools" is the better word.

Governor LaFollette has been enlightening the people of Kansas on "The World's Greatest Tragedy".

The average Kansan supposed of course that this must allude in some way to Standard Oil, and was disappointed in the great lecture on Hamlet.

Some old farmers said they never even heard of Mr. Hamlet before, but supposed he might be a cousin of Rockefeller's.

Who is behind Shultz? Will the really guilty man ever be revealed? Mr. Shultz is a reporter on the Sentinel. Some time since he approached officials offering large sums, it is said in the indictment, to purchase the Mergue site in Milwaukee for the electric street railway company.

There are two indictments against him for offering or paying \$500 or \$1000 per vote.

Now whose money was it that Mr. Shultz was so liberal with? It certainly was not his own, because it cannot be shown that he had any great financial interest in the street railway. We hope the true culprit may be found, the man or men who stood behind Shultz and used him as a tool to do criminal work for them, as the indictment charges him.

Mike Dunn, Major Rose's private secretary until his conviction, was one of the first grafters to be tried in Milwaukee and was found guilty more than one year ago. Sentence was deferred on account of appeal to supreme court and other means of putting off, till last Friday, when Judge Vinje, of Superior, who was trial judge, sentenced Mr. Dunn to prison for eighteen months at hard labor. Special efforts were made before the court, one ex-county judge pleading for mercy for him, urging that a dog might be imposed, but Judge Vinje was immovable and imposed the sentence of prison and hard labor.

Thus another prominent citizen of Milwaukee becomes a resident of the House of Correction for a year and a half and his good name is gone forever. The disgrace will tell him all his life.

President Roosevelt has shown marked judgment in asking Elihu Root of New York to become secretary of state in his cabinet in place of John Hay, deceased.

Mr. Root is a great lawyer, well versed in international law, had experience in cabinet matters as secretary of war, and beyond question is the most fitting successor to Mr. Hay, one of the greatest diplomats the world ever saw.

The Milwaukee Free Press says of Mr. Root's appointment:

To the mind of the Free Press, Elihu Root stands out bigger than most big men. President Roosevelt once said of him that he is the most capable man who has been in the service of the government in this generation. He said this about the time Mr. Root left the cabinet. Now this capable man comes back to the cabinet, succeeding the great Hay, as secretary of state. It was the president's opinion that Mr. Root could perform the duties of the office of premier as well as Mr. Hay, or the duties of the office of attorney general as well as Philander Knox. He did perform the duties of the office of secretary of war as well as they were ever performed as well as Stanton ever did it.

President Roosevelt is a fortunate man. It is such a loss as few administrations have sustained to lose Secretary Hay from the cabinet and here is the place filled within a week by the appointment of Elihu Root. And it is accepted. In so doing he makes a sacrifice of large proportions. He is one of the great lawyers of the country—rated by many of the best informed, as the leader of the United States bar. His practice must yield him a great revenue, but he has a sense of duty to the country that impels him to take service in the government even at the sacrifice of his business.

THE MIDWAY MINES.

We want to tell the readers of the New North the story of the properties owned by the Midway Consolidated Gold Mining Company. We have now several stock holders in this city and we would be glad to have more, and we would have more if we could only get the facts before people in an understandable way.

As indicated by the name, we are talking about a gold mine. Mining gold is absolutely the only industry in which there is no competition and the only business that cannot be cornered by a Rockefeller.

There is probably no more noted or successful mining field in the United States today than in Eastern Oregon. The territory in which mineral is found, is very large and the work has been going on for long years, proving absolutely the permanency and reliability of the ore bodies.

The Midway is located in what is known as the Cracker Creek District. Through this district runs what is reputed to be the greatest and richest gold bearing ledge in the world. This is a pretty strong statement, but we can produce good authority for making it. If true, it at once makes our proposition interesting and we have such good reasons for believing it true that no authority has yet been found to successfully dispute the statement.

There are many ways in which ore came onto the earth, but the one only that is considered reliable and permanent and inexhaustible, is a true vein. The vein referred to, and that is the one the Midway is located on, is a true fissure vein proved to be such by more than twenty years of work.

This vein has been opened up by a large number of properties for a distance of fourteen miles and in that distance not one single property has failed to develop a good body of ore of good commercial value. That in itself is certainly a most remarkable record. The statement is absolutely true.

About two miles from the Midway is the North Pole mine, owned by Alex Harding of London, one of the firm of bankers by that name. It was bought in 1897 for \$24,000 and has been a steady monthly dividend payer for practically ten years. It is valued today at \$100,000. In fact, neither the mine nor its stock is for sale. They operate 20 stamps and the North Pole is frequently mentioned as one of the greatest gold mines in the world. This mine, as well as the others we will mention, are all on the same vein with the Midway and near to it. Next to the North Pole is the Eureka, owned by Mr. H. T. Hendrix. This little property is only 225 feet long on the vein and yet it has been a most remarkable producer. A considerable part of the ore taken out of it has run over \$1000 a ton. While we personally cannot say what it is worth, a recent newspaper article, taken from a paper published at Sumpter, near the mine, places the value of the ore in sight at more than a million dollars. It certainly is one of the most valuable of the properties in the world.

Next to the Eureka Fracture is the Columbia, owned largely by a Mr. Backus of Minneapolis. They operate 20 stamps and have been producing and paying dividends for years. This property is valued by good judges at \$500,000. No stock for sale. Next to the Columbia, they have as good a piece of ground as any of the mines on the vein, but a little recently the Columbia has suffered greatly from mismanagement. Next men have now taken hold and have secured a controlling interest and beyond question will make as great a mine as any of them. Although they have but recently taken hold they have not a share of stock for sale.

We know of no place in the entire country where five such mines lie along the same vein, one beside the other. On this same vein now is our property, the Midway. We have mentioned above, this is as much of that vein as the Eureka & Fracture the Tabor Fracture and the Columbia all put together. We know we have the vein for it can readily be demonstrated that we have it. And we know we have the ore for we have gone clear through the vein on two different levels below the surface. Consequently we know because we are into it. This is the only way it can be absolutely known.

We have 450 acres of ground and we have no encumbrance on it whatever. The buyer of our stock today is not buying into a big deal. Our entire priced ground is covered with a fine stand of timber, every lot of which is valuable in our work. We are only seven miles by road from Sumpter. That means that we are only that distance from a railroad or a smelter. We have no water problem. Our vein is large being 650 feet from wall to wall. You will readily understand the advantage of a large ore body. No matter how rich a small vein may be you cannot work men enough on it to make a large production. On a vein the size of ours we can develop and make room for an army of men and consequently can grow to be large producers.

We have close to \$20,000 worth of machinery and all we have is paid for. We have a fine hoist that will carry our work down 120 feet. We have our own saw mill and dynamo and have just installed a 500-horsepower compressor. Our shaft is down about 275 feet. Now what we want is to sink about 125 feet deeper and drill into the two veins that intersect in 60 feet of the shaft on either side and we get there we will be producing beyond any reasonable doubt. What we lack is the small amount of money necessary with which to pay for the work just mentioned. When once we have that in the treasury there is no reason to doubt that thirty days work will put us in the producing column. Here is a point to which we want to call your attention especially: You can buy into any number of mining propositions, for going in when you are taking the chances. It is not often that an opportunity is offered at a reasonable price to get into a mine so far along as the Midway. We don't have to go out and get a large amount of money. We are almost done. We have spent up to date approximately \$100,000 on this proposition. We now need about \$100,000 to \$125,000. If we had that money today we would not tell you another share of treasury stock. We feel that we know just what is ahead of us and we have all the work of three or thereabouts done. 120 feet deep in that vein. Surely that demonstrates the vein, the ore and the value.

It would be impossible to tell you the entire story in this article. One of the directors of the company, L. Van Hook, of Sioux Falls, South Dakota, is in the Eureka House in this city and would be pleased to meet you and to talk over the Midway with you. Every question can and will be cheerfully answered. Fortunately two of your own citizens have recently visited this property. Owing to their acquaintance with some of the Midway officers

Mr. Chas. Chase and Mr. Sam F. Miller of your city on their recent trip to the Portland fair, made a side trip to the Midway and inspected it and its neighbors. We are very sure that if you will ask them they will say that they found a very fine and desirable proposition and that so far as an ore can be seen it is fully up to the statements made. With two such men to refer to, we come to Rhinelander with a good deal of confidence.

We have a clean, businesslike proposition. We have just such a proposition as good mines are made from, in fact all the good mines above mentioned are made out of absolutely such material and conditions as we have in the Midway. We are selling this stock at 40 cents per share, par value \$1.00 and will sell at that price only until we have raised the amount of money above mentioned. Here is a proposition that the most conservative business man in the state can approach on strictly business principles. It will bear any kind of an investigation.

THE LATEST BOOK

By Mrs. John A. Logan is entitled "Thirty Years in Washington". This book is a complete review of all the interesting observations made by her during her residence of more than thirty years in that city.

The illustrations alone, 50 magnificent full-page plates, are worth the price of the book.

It contains 710 pages written by this famous woman, who, as the wife of an influential Senator, a society leader and a close friend of every mistress of the White House from Lincoln to the present time has had rare privileges for studying the mighty activities of the Government, and the life of the city of Washington. This book is published by A. D. Worthington & Co., Hartford, Conn., and is sold by their agent Mrs. L. Annis, Biltby Block, Thayer street, Rhinelander, Wis.

A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. Sold by J. J. Reardon.

Kretlow's Pharmacy

is the place to have you Physicians Prescriptions Compounded.

Anything New

In drugs you will find at my store if it is to be had in the city. We aim to keep our stock at all times right up to the hour, and carry an assortment of worthy goods to sell

At Right Prices

Largest Variety of Perfumes in the city.

Our toilet articles are of the kind that give full value in satisfaction for every cent of cost.

F. E. KRETLOW THE DRUGGIST.

Get the Best



SATISFACTION GUARANTEED!

When you go to Rooman's Bon Ton parlor and candy kitchen. They handle the best and purest ice cream in the city and serve with crushed fruits and walnuts.

Sundae per glass 10c
Ice cream 10c
Ice cream per pint 15c
Ice cream per quart 25c
Ice cream per gallon \$1.00

Special prices for parties and socials. Don't forget our home made love candy. Don't miss the place.

AT THE BON TON 10 BROWN ST.
Welton Block. Phone 42 2r
RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN

Robbins Lumber Co.

Retail Lumber

Moulding Shingles

HOUSE BILLS A SPECIALTY.

Call No. 4 for Prices Prompt Delivery.

The Season of Outdoor Sports is Here

And with it comes the demand for Sporting Goods of all kinds. Bronson is head quarters for things in that line and has a full stock of

Base Balls and Gloves, Croquet Sets and Hammocks

BRONSON

THE STATIONER

Rhineland Iron Company, Agents.

FOR YOUR SUMMER'S OUTING

a supply of Rhinelander beer will be found a very necessary essential. It is very unsafe to drink water taken from lakes and brooks, as it may be polluted; but when you drink beer bottled by us you know it is absolutely pure, not to speak of its invigorating and refreshing qualities after a day's tramp or fishing.

TRY OUR MALT TONIC. IT BUILDS YOU UP.

RHINELANDER BREWING CO.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES!

The newest and best medicinal supplies in the city. Prescriptions accurately compounded by competent pharmacists.

A FULL LINE OF

Perfumes, Stationery and Toilet Articles

ANDERLE & HINMAN

Hotel Gagen

GAGEN, WIS.
HUGO MEISWINKEL, Proprietor.
Rates \$1.00 per day.

WATCH! WAIT! LOOK FOR

Our large circulars which will give you details and all particulars of

The Largest Sale Ever Held in Rhinelander

This means absolute sacrifice on Men's and Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Etc., Etc.

H. M. BUCKS CLOTHING HOUSE

LOOK OUT FOR PAINT!

But be sure it is the right kind of paint. Take for instance the celebrated

Rogers Paints..

Sold and Put on Exclusively by
G. P. ALEXANDER
Phone 261-2 Rhinelander, Wis.

SIXTH WEEK

Teeth Extracted and Filled Without Pain

Rapids House, Rhinelander, Wis.,
UNTIL
Thursday, July 20th.

Owing to the continued rush of business the Drs. have decided to remain another week.

Drs. Smith Bros. wish all having work done to kindly keep engagements promptly.

Out of town patients will receive especial attention same day they call.



DRS. SMITH BROS. DENTAL SPECIALISTS

Remember Drs. Smith are prepared to do everything they advertise. Their painless system has proven itself to be not only safe, but the most satisfactory to all conditions.

Over 100 sets of teeth to select from. 20 years experience. 14 years as specialists.

THE CITY IN BRIEF

J. M. Baker made a business trip to Cranston Wednesday.

Lost—Black and white fox terrier. Return to L. H. H. and receive reward.

Carl Olson is adding City of St. Paul to his collection of the city.

The Swedish Lutheran church society enjoyed a picnic in the city park yesterday.

Ex-mayor Anderson and his lot just east of Pelican town hall Tuesday to Chas. Bellie.

C. A. Carling and wife returned Monday morning from their wedding trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

G. S. Whitney of Chicago, a nephew of George Whitney of this city, has taken a position at the paper mill.

Undertaker F. A. Hillebrand went to Green Thursday to prepare for burial the body of Mrs. Ramsey Vikan.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Johnson were made happy last Wednesday by the arrival of a nine pound girl at their home.

Mrs. F. P. Bark of the north side caught a twenty pound muskallunge while out fishing on bass lake Monday evening.

Rev. H. T. Wittke was called to Lima, Ohio Tuesday morning by a telegram announcing his father's serious illness.

Wm. Kuekrehn was in the city Saturday. He is about to dispose of his homestead near Malvern to Wausau parties.

Mr. Kilmartin has arrived from Lac du Flambeau and commenced his duties with the Brown Bros. Lumber Co.

T. J. Andes of Stevens Point and L. Van Hecke of Sioux Falls, are in the city this week looking after real estate interests.

Mrs. W. C. Lebestien and Miss Lela Apple leave Saturday for an extended visit in Oshkosh, Sheboygan and Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Olson returned Thursday from a visit with Phillips friends. They were also the guests of Rev. Lund in Prentice.

Patrick Stapleton was accompanied to his home in Beuna Vista, Saturday by his three grandchildren, May, Charles and Grover Stapleton.

When you want a pleasant laxative that is easy to take and certain to act, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Andrie & Hinman.

Mr. and Mrs. Balsh, former residents of this city, now of Wausau, are here visiting with their daughter Mrs. Fred Langlois, and many old friends.

Patrick Lally, who is employed in the Northwestern train dispatcher's office at Kaukauna, spent a few days this week at his home here, returning Friday.

Chas. H. Wollenschlager, who has charge of the crew who are making improvements at the paper mill, visited this week with his family in Stevens Point.

W. E. Ramsey, H. E. Cutter, J. G. McCarthy and W. E. Lott, of Chicago who have been camping up the Wisconsin River were in the city Sunday enroute home.

Miss Edie Snyder will leave shortly for Portland, Ore., to attend the fair and visit with Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hutchinson, who were former Rhinelander residents.

Miss Ollie Rogers of Sault Ste. Marie is the guest of Miss Lillian Foster. The young lady is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Rogers former Rhinelander residents.

J. Segerstrom returned Saturday from an extended business trip to New York City. He made the trip from Chicago east on the New York Central's eighteen hour "flyer."

FOR SALE—200 acres of as good cut over farming land as there is in Northern Wisconsin, in tracts to suit. Seven miles from city on Soo line. Inquire of PRESOTT CALKINS, if.

T. F. Keefe, at one time in charge of the local telephone interests, was in the city this week on business and incidentally calling on old acquaintances. Mr. Keefe is now located at Ashland.

Miss Sadie Hamilton, who has been employed in the office of the Flour City Trunk Company at Minneapolis, returned here Saturday. She has accepted a position with the Flambeau Lumber Co.

Where are you sick? Headache, foul tongue, no appetite, lack energy, pain in your stomach, constipation. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. J. J. Beardon.

Dr. and Mrs. F. L. Homan who have been spending the summer at their cottage on Lake George were called in last week on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Fred. Andrie. Mrs. Andrie is now much better.

Dr. E. R. Thompson of Milwaukee arrived in the city Saturday to spend a few days with his old classmate, Dr. Garner. They left Monday for Tomahawk Lake to enjoy a short fishing trip at Yapp's resort.

George Gibson has rented the employ of Spafford & Co.

The Catholic ladies will hold a cake sale at Chatterton's next Saturday.

The Military Orchestra will play for a dance at Arbor Vitae Saturday evening.

Miss Lurie Bishop will give a six o'clock tea Saturday, July 15, to be her sixteenth birthday.

The members of the Episcopal Sunday School and their friends spent Wednesday at Lake George.

The members of the Ernest Thompson Scout Club enjoyed an outing Monday at North Pelican Lake.

Lost—Boy's light overcoat between Postoffice and South Park. Finder please return to this office.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Schussman are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hodgson on the south side.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Crosby leave this week on a western trip and will visit in Colorado, California and Oregon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hanson of Eagle River have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Gull day this week.

Mrs. Blanche Marquardt left Monday for Minneapolis, where she will work as stenographer for a manufacturing concern.

Miss Ruby Greene of Menoka has come here to make her home with her sister, Mrs. James Murphy. She will enter high school in the fall.

Miss Celia O'Brien, who for the past seven months has been living with Mr. and Mrs. Warren in Birmingham, Ala., is expected home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Stolle and sons of Tripoli were in the city Saturday. Mr. Stolle is of the Stolle Lumber Co., which concern operates a saw mill at Tripoli.

Miss Nettie Littlefield returned Monday from a several weeks visit at her home in New London, and has again resumed her former position at Kirk's bakery.

Misses Irene and Elaine Langdon pleasantly entertained a party of their girl friends at a five o'clock tea Tuesday afternoon at their home on King Street.

Mr. Sargent, who recently came here from the Wausau Soldier's Home, has taken a position with the Soo railway company and will not return to the institution.

Bert Prior, weighmaster here for the Western Weighing Association, leaves about the 15th of this month on an extended vacation.

Edward Yourell, who is one of the department managers in a big Los Angeles dry goods house, arrived in the city Monday for a brief stay. Mrs. Yourell will return with him to California.

Beautiful your complexion with little cost. If you wish a smooth, clear, cream-like complexion, rosy cheeks, laughing eyes, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, greatest beautifier known. Beware! J. J. Beardon.

Matt Reed, who is engaged in the fruit and confectionery business at Woodruff, was in the city Tuesday. Mr. Reed in the early days was employed by the old Lake Shore railway company here.

Walter Schoen of Minneapolis, a young man who formerly resided here with his parents, was in the city Monday, on his way to Menoka where he will enter the train service of the Northwestern Railway Co. He is a brother of Mrs. B. F. Johnson.

Geo. Postwick of Lac du Flambeau, who purchased the Bellie residence on Anderson Street, is in the city making preparations for removal here. Mr. Bellie and family will reside with his mother on the south side.

Ray LaSalle, bookkeeper at the First National Bank, is in Buffalo, N. Y., this week in attendance at the Elks' convention. Ray is Past Exalted Ruler of Rhinelander lodge No. 258 and goes as a delegate. He will visit in Boston before he returns.

Ed. Carlson, who for twelve years has been employed by the Rhinelander Iron Company, left Tuesday morning for Three Lakes Wash, where he will assume charge of the machine shop for a large lumber company. His family will follow later.

On and after July 1st, 1905, all customers using light on the meter system will be charged a meter, transformer and service rental of one dollar and twenty-five cents per month which will be rebated after the customer has used one dollar and fifty cents of light per month.

RHINELANDER LIGHTING CO.

Mayor Stapleton will shortly improve his Stevens Street property by placing a cement walk in front. A double outside stairway leading to the basement will also be put in and it is said French will utilize one of the basements for Turkish bath parlors.

Having taken the Jameson residence 109 S. Pelham street, can accommodate a few boarders. Every thing first class. House has modern conveniences throughout, with hot and cold baths, electric lights, hot and cold water on all floors and furnace heat. J. L. Thompson, Prop.

PERSONAL MENTION

—E. M. Kemp returned Thursday to Chicago.

—C. Eby was at Wausau on business Monday.

—J. L. Graham of Milwaukee was here Saturday.

—T. W. Mason, of Ashland, is here this week.

—N. E. Moon and Watson was in the city Friday.

—Mrs. J. C. Nick was a Milwaukee visitor Monday.

—Mrs. F. R. Tapp, of Ashland, was in the city Monday.

—J. F. Smith of Merrill was here on business Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Wreld of Star Lake were here Friday.

—J. T. Elliot spent last week with friends in Minneapolis.

—H. O. Lewis returned yesterday to his home in Portage.

—Dr. W. J. Griffin of Ashland was in Rhinelander Saturday.

—Andrew Michelson of Antigo visited in Rhinelander Sunday.

—Mrs. Wm. Jamieson returned Friday to her home in St. Paul.

—Robert Hampstead spent Sunday at his home in Ironwood.

—Richard Wesley returned Tuesday afternoon to Ebreth, Minn.

—James Hickey and family have returned from a visit in Brillion.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Hanks, of Hackley were in Rhinelander Friday.

—John McMillan spent last week in Antigo the guest of his brother.

—Mrs. F. Warner of Marinette is visiting with J. B. Lago and family.

—Fred Herick of the Flambeau Lumber Co., was in the city Monday.

—S. P. Templeton, of Wausau, transacted business here Saturday.

—Mrs. F. T. Coon returned from her visit in the Twin Cities Saturday.

—Mrs. S. R. Stone and T. B. McIndoe spent Saturday at Tomahawk Lake.

—Dr. and Mrs. C. H. O'Connor returned Friday morning from Chicago.

—Miss Emma Mellae is enjoying a vacation with relatives in Ironwood, Mich.

—Miss Emma Massart of Merrill is visiting her friend, Miss Shepard in this city.

—Louis F. Peter was a visitor in Milwaukee and other state points this week.

—Clarence Kirk has returned to the city after spending several months in the West.

—Miss Maud Denoyer is entertaining her cousin Miss Ella Balthazar of Arbor Vitae.

—Miss May McDonald is the guest of her brother Angus McDonald and wife in Hurley.

—Misses May and Florence Ryan of Brillion are guests at the home of James Hickey.

—Dorothy Elliott of Minneapolis is visiting at the home of Postmaster and Mrs. Parker.

—James Harrigan of Milwaukee is visiting among his old Rhinelander friends this week.

—Miss Mamie Higgins returned this week from a visit with her brother in Chicago.

—Miss Maud Wilson of Escanaba, Mich., is a guest at the home of her brother, C. A. Wilson.

—Miss Elizabeth Fenton of this city is visiting with friends at Wecoma, Wausau county.

—Miss Powers returned Thursday to her home in Kaukauna. She had been visiting Mrs. C. J. O'Brien.

—Geo. W. Slawson of the Cable Co. and F. W. Borum of the Kimball Co., called on Geo. C. Jewell this week.

—Martin Lally has returned from a visit among relatives and old friends in Stevens Point and Portage county.

—Mr. and Mrs. Amos Radcliffe of Eagle River were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. Kimball in the city Sunday.

—Mrs. C. A. Wilson and children have returned from a two weeks' visit with relatives in Escanaba, Mich.

—Miss Francis Zinn, of Oshkosh, arrived in the city Saturday to remain several weeks the guest of her brother.

—Miss Minnie Carlson of this city has been entertaining Miss Bertha Holstrom of Muskegon, Mich., for several days.

—Miss Francis Hutchinson of Oshkosh is the guest of her cousin, Miss Laura Hodgson. They spent Tuesday at Antigo.

—Sheriff John Hanson and Clerk of the Court Amos Radcliffe of Eagle River, visited friends in the city Saturday and Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bellie and little daughter Blanche leave tomorrow for Burlington, Wis., to spend two weeks with relatives.

—W. V. Reed, American Express agent in this city, spent Sunday in Ironwood the guest of his brother, Assistant Postmaster Reed.

—Miss Mary Cole, who has been the guest of her brother, J. H. Cole and wife for the past three weeks, left Friday for her home in Marshall.

—J. W. Vanderhoof, state manager of the Federal Life Insurance Company of Chicago, accompanied by Mrs. Vanderhoof, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Rick on the south side.

FOR SALE—A nice lot of second hand furniture, nearly new, consisting of folding bed and bedding, rug, table, chairs, etc. Address Prof. G. W. Stormeltz Studio or Box 66 City.

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OUR MID-SUMMER RUMMAGE SALE Starts Afresh To-Morrow

We are counting a loss of odds and ends, the remainders of large lots and all the surplus stock as you can very easily see, if you priced any of these goods before this sale commenced. A thorough righting of the stocks is the chief consideration from now until our buyer starts east. We want to know then just what we need and these odd lots—though they are good and salable—must be out of the way. Such things we are selling way below their value. It really seems as though we had never gone about a clearance so resolutely.

In addition to all the first bargains tomorrow, there will be fresh opportunities. Make the most of them.

\$3.50 Waists, now	2.50	A lot of 12c and 15c Embroidery goes at	10
\$2.00 Waists, now	1.50	All our wash goods go at cost and below	
\$1.50 Waists, now	1.00	Almost like finding money—\$2.00 Corsets for	75
\$1.25 Waists now	75	Special sale on stock collars, 25c, 18c, 15c, now	10
40 inch Cape, former price \$8.00, now	5.00	10 sets Collars and Cuffs, were 50c, now	35
30 inch Cape, former price \$5.00, now	3.65	50 pieces of 12c Outing goes at	10
\$1.25 Kimonoes, now	75	Little girls 50c straw hats now	35
90c Kimonoes now	70	25c hats now	19
85c Kimonoes now	65	One this seasons Ladies' Jacket, size 38, worth \$13.50 goes at	8.50
Men's and Boys' \$1. 5 Canvas Shoes, now	99	10 per cent discount on all our Ladies' Walking Skirts,	
Children's 75c Slippers, strap sandals	59	18 inch Corset Cover Embroidery, sold all this season for 35c, goes at this sale for	25
65c slippers	50		

SOLBERG & KOLDEN Rhinelander Wisconsin.

Not a cent wanted unless you are cured. If you are sick and ailing, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. A great blessing to the human family. Makes you well—keeps you well. 25 cents, Tea or Tablets. J. J. Beardon.

Company I, will leave for Camp Douglas at 7:30 Saturday morning on the west bound Soo. A special engine will meet them at Heaford Junction and take them to Tomahawk where their cars will be placed on the regular C. M. & St. Paul passenger arriving at New Lisbon about 2:30 p. m. They will stay about an hour at New Lisbon arriving at Camp Douglas shortly before 4 o'clock.

Below is a correct account of the collections and disbursements covering the Modern Woodman 14th of July celebration:

Fireworks	\$120.65
Band	115.00
Advertising and prizes	34.00
Drying lumber for speaker's stand, etc.	7.00
Carriage for speakers	2.00
Total expenditures	\$317.65
Received on subscriptions from citizens	\$142.00
Sold from Lake Camp No. 1749	155.65
M. W. A. carrying difference	155.65
	\$317.65

Respectfully submitted, GEO. C. JEWELL, Treasurer

Rhinelander Paper Company will be in the market for peeled hemlock logs and wood next winter to the possible exclusion of unpeeled hemlock. All jobbers are therefore urged to peel their hemlock this season. If

NOTICE.

Pay no money to Joe Sickinger on behalf of Urban & Sickinger as receipt given by him will not be recognized by the undersigned. All monies due are payable to Merchants State Bank or to me.

GEO. URBAN.

Dated this 25th day of July. 1905

Among The Churches.

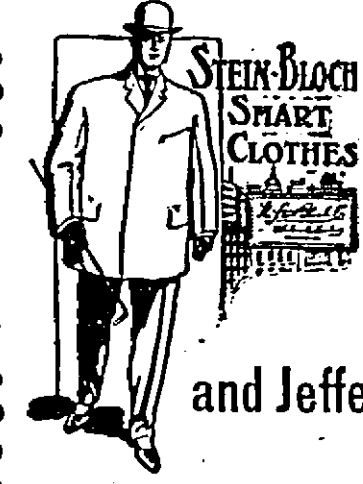
FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH. Morning service, 10:30. Sermon 10:30. Bible school, 11:45 a. m. Evening service and sermon 7:30. Prayer service, Thursday evening.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. Morning service, 10:30. Sermon 10:30. Bible school, 11:45 a. m. Evening service and sermon 7:30. Prayer service, Thursday evening.

FREE METHODIST CHURCH. Preaching, 11 a. m. Sunday School, 12. Teaching, 3 p. m. Mid-week prayer service, Friday evening at 8.

Rev. D. O. Dietzman.

The Stein-Bloch Suits



Are conceded the best in fit, quality and workmanship of any on the market. We have them in going shades and special prices.

—Headquarters for—
Douglas, Crossett, King George and Jefferson Driving and Cruising Shoes
A good selection at all times.
A new line of Nobby Shirts, Neckwear and Pajamas just in.

GARY & DANIELSON

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Morning service, 10:30. Bible school, 12. Evening service and sermon, 7 p. m. Praying League devotionals, 7 p. m. Evening service, 8.

ST. AUGUSTINE CHURCH. Holy Communion, 7:30. Morning prayer and sermon, 10:30. Sunday School, 12. Evening prayer and sermon, 8.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH. Holy Mass, 8 a. m. High Mass and sermon, 10 a. m. Mass daily during the week, 8 a. m. Rev. F. S. WHITE.

THE SALVATION ARMY. Sunday meetings are: Junior meeting, 2 p. m. (13-15 years), 3 p. m. (16-18 years), 8 p. m. (19-25 years). Capt. ELLIS and wife. Officers in Charge.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MISSIONARY. Anyone who desires to have a denomination or take Sunday school in any respect, should call here. It is not convenient to attend their respective churches in this or any of the adjoining counties may write to me and I will be glad to have an opportunity to serve them. PETER LAFORET, American Sunday School Union Missionary, Rhinelander, Wis.

Very Low Rates to Denver, Col., Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold August 12 and 13, with favorable return limits, on account of various meetings. Apply to agent Chicago & Northwestern R. Y.

Don't You Forget

To go and see Albert Broulette about that job of

Painting and Papering

He puts it on to stay and fully guarantees his work

PHONE 44-2

Albert Broulette,



633 Keenan Street

ATTEND WILLIAMS' Business College

Send for their beautiful Catalogue. OSHKOSH, WISCONSIN. 112-119.

NEW NORTH.

Park & Co., Publishers.

RHINELANDER. - WISCONSIN

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS AT HOME AND ABROAD IN CONDENSED FORM.

THE WAR IN THE FAR EAST

Progress of Hostilities Between Russia and Japan—Deaths at Washington—Items of Interest from All Over the World.

THE RUSSIAN REVOLT.

Sailors on the battleship *Kniaz Potemkin* notified the powers that they have declared war on all Russian ships which will not join in the revolt.

The *Kniaz Potemkin* arrived in Theodosia, a port in the Crimea, and after threatening to bombard the town obtained a supply of food, but no coal could be had.

The *Kniaz Potemkin* evaded the Black sea fleet, which is in pursuit, by leaving Theodosia. A British collier was raided for fuel outside the port, and the rebel ship then disappeared.

Sixty-seven of the mutineers from the *Georgi Polkovnitski*, including the ringleaders, were imprisoned at Odessa. It is expected that all of them will be shot.

The fleet of Rear Admiral Kruger is in pursuit of the mutinous *Kniaz Potemkin*.

Estimates of the number killed during the fires and rioting of last week in Odessa run as high as 6,000. A far greater number were shot down, but many of the bodies were incinerated.

According to a correspondent, the total losses through the outbreak at Odessa are estimated at \$5,000,000.

The Russian ambassador has notified the foreign office at Vienna that all necessary steps have been taken to protect neutral shipping in the Black sea.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

Russian peace envoys are given full power to fix indemnity to Japan.

Russia has indicated her willingness to suspend hostilities, but refuses to ask for an armistice as a matter of pride.

Announcement is made that the United States, England and Germany each will take \$50,000,000 of a new \$150,000,000 Japanese loan.

Japan and China are believed to be on the eve of reaching an agreement as to Manchuria and other important issues growing out of the war. An alliance would have a far-reaching effect on European powers as well as Asia.

Gen. Linerich, in a telegram to the czar confirms the defeat of the Japanese at Sanitar, when a Japanese battalion was annihilated. The Japanese losses, he says, were enormous.

Japan, although ready to crush Linerich, sacrificed tactical advantage because of the approaching peace conference.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Official announcement was made at Oyster Bay that Eliza Root has been appointed secretary of state. Secretary Root will take the oath of office in a couple of weeks.

The law passed by the Kansas legislature last winter appropriating \$100,000 to build an independent oil refinery at Perm. Kan. was declared unconstitutional by the state supreme court.

The body of John Hay was laid to rest in Lakewood cemetery, Cleveland, O. The ceremonies were simple in the extreme. President Roosevelt and several cabinet members and ex-members of the cabinet attended.

Secretary Bonaparte has taken up his duties at the navy department.

Eleven log drivers were drowned in Chippewa river at Little Falls dam, Wis. They lost control of the trestle in which 16 men had crossed the river, and the boat swamped.

Lon Beard, a negro who had been arrested on a charge of assaulting Mrs. Chester Crawford, of Normandy, Ky., was lynched by a mob.

Judge Frequent Alford, of the Marion county, Ind., criminal court, held unconstitutional the law passed by the last session of the legislature, placing private banks of Indiana under state supervision. The case will be appealed.

On high military authority it is stated that Sweden is taking precautionary measures on the frontier, to effect the reported threatening attitude of Norway.

The czar will journey to Moscow, and reports indicate that he will call a council of the people from the Kremlin. This causes a rumor that the Russian capital will be moved to Moscow.

An order for the mobilization of the Swedish army has been issued, and a proclamation to this effect will probably be issued within a week.

The tannery of the Widen-Lord Leather company was partially destroyed by fire at Foxboro, Mass. The loss is \$100,000.

Half the citizens of the town of Pierre, S. D., are without homes, on account of the flood which has been raging in the Bad river.

The explosion in Boston of a small yacht cannon, which had been fired frequently all day, resulted in the death of Henry Alrich, 20 years of age.

Thousands of members of the United Society of Christian Endeavor met in Baltimore to attend the annual convention of the organization.

Secretary Wilson is about to bring 1,200 suits against the railroads of the country for violation of the live stock law.

Caleb Powers is to be tried in the United States court for complicity in the murder of William Goebel at Frankfort, Ky. This was settled when United States District Judge Cochran announced that he would take jurisdiction in the case, as has been requested by attorneys for Powers.

Fourteen miners were killed and a number injured by an explosion in a colliery at Anderlecht, Belgium. The explosion was caused by fire damp.

The body of Rear Admiral Louis J. Allen, who died in New York city June 29, was buried in the Arlington National cemetery in Washington with military honors.

A company has been incorporated to build a tubular steel tunnel 20 feet below the bed of the Mississippi river, to run between East St. Louis, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.

George D. May, president of the wrecked Big Bend National bank, Davenport, Wash., was arrested in Boston.

Plans for a great \$3,000,000 Park row terminal for the Brooklyn bridge were adopted by the New York board of estimate and apportionment.

Reactionaries are reported conspiring to dethrone the czar, whose reform tendencies terrify them.

Weekly trade reviews show satisfactory conditions, though business has had a slight setback from rains.

On July 17 the ninth annual convention of the National Association of Railway Agents will assemble at the Lewis and Clark exposition.

Roy Sharkey was instantly killed in a runaway on his father's farm, north of Sterling, Ill. He was thrown from a hay rake, breaking his neck.

Albert Keller, of Michigan City, Ind., appealed a case in which judgment had been rendered against him in the sum of one cent.

The father of four-months-old baby admits he threw the child into the Chicago river and drowned it because he didn't want to support it.

Judge Gray, arbitrator between miners and operators in Illinois, decided that the expense of operation in the shot firers' law shall be shared equally by employers and men.

Steamers 500 miles apart in mid-ocean talked by wireless rays.

Gilbert Johnson, chief engineer for Thomas W. Lawson, of Boston, was stabbed to death by a pen at Urrique, Mexico.

The Queen City tannery, of Titusville, Pa., the largest sole leather manufactory in the world, was sold by Lucius Beebe & Sons, of Boston, to the United States Leather company. The transfer involves about \$1,500,000.

The wholesale grocery house of Phillips, Webb & Co., of Nashville, Tenn., was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$150,000.

A bronze statue of Sacajawea, the Indian bird woman, who, bearing on her back her infant child, guided the explorers Lewis and Clark through "Old Oregon," was unveiled at the exposition at Portland.

Work on the construction of the new training school buildings at Feshville, Ill., was begun and the cost when completed is estimated at \$1,000,000.

Gas companies of the Illinois cities of Aurora, Joliet, LaGrange and Elgin are consolidated, with authorized capital stock of \$5,000,000. The field of operation is to be extended to cities and towns in Kane, Du Page, Will and parts of Cook county.

Railway employees will protest to the government against reduction of rates on roads in Illinois.

M. Jaures, the French socialist leader, was debarred from speaking in Berlin by Chancellor von Bismarck.

The body of Admiral John Paul Jones was formally delivered to the United States with brilliant ceremonies at the American church in Paris, distinguished men of many countries being present.

The St. Charles, Ill., school for boys was formally opened by philanthropic men and women interested in the work of educating youth from congested centers.

Roscoe E. Harris, aged 16, only son of Judge Ira Harris, former mayor of Colorado Springs, Col., was shot to death by Matthew Daily. The shooting was accidental.

All Crimea is on the verge of revolt and the Caucasus is ready to set up a Slavic republic.

Grover Cleveland may resign as an Equitable trustee because of uncertainty as to honesty of the society's transactions.

Col. O. G. Staples, former Asst. Gen. Tracer L. Jeffords and others were indicted at Washington, charged with conspiracy in the live stock insurance affair.

Thomas W. Lawson is on his way west with a message of warning to small investors in six of the states.

Secret societies in schools were strongly denounced by a committee of the National Educational association, in session at Astbury Park, N. J.

As a result of an explosion at the shaft of the Taylor Coal & Coke company at Seaford, Pa., five men were killed and four injured, one fatally.

Damage estimated at \$50,000 was caused by a fire in Union Hartnell oil well No. 2 at Santa Maria, Cal.

Marital law has been abolished over the whole of Formosa and the Pescadores islands.

A combination of 26 coal companies of Indiana, controlling 22,000 acres of coal lands, has been formed in Pittsburg, Pa., under the name of the Vandalia Coal company. The new concern has a capital of \$7,000,000.

One man was killed and two narrowly escaped death by the wrecking of an ore train in the yards of the North-western road, at Escanaba, Mich.

San Diego oranges are selling at from four to five dollars a box, the highest price ever recorded during July in San Diego, Cal. Owing to the shortage of water last year the crop this season is rather light.

Prof. Jacques Elisee Reclus, the famous geographer, died in Brussels. He was born in March, 1830.

About 20 people were injured, one seriously, in the wreck of the Great Northern west-bound "flyer" at Spring Brook, 21 miles east of Williamstown, N. D.

A roundhouse in the South Nashville, Tenn., yards of the Louisville & Nashville railroad was burned. Loss, \$50,000. Nine locomotives were damaged to the extent of \$1,000 each.

G. J. Devlin filed in the United States district court at Topeka, Kan., an involuntary petition in bankruptcy. The petition schedules liabilities exceeding \$2,600,000.

James W. Alderdice, a lawyer convicted in New York of forgery, was sentenced to 18 years' imprisonment in Sing Sing.

J. A. Sprenkle has been appointed receiver of the Commercial bank, of Hagerstown, Ind., on application of President Frank Mason. The liabilities exceed \$100,000, while the assets are given as much less than that amount.

Harry Walker, aged 18 years, and Alex. Worrall, aged 12, were drowned in the Youghiogheny river near McKeesport, Pa.

The seventh international convention of the Epworth league was opened in Denver, Col.

A tornado in Texas caused much loss of life and destruction of property in Montague county and the northern portion of the state. Twenty-four are known to be dead.

The five-year-old son of Samuel Scullman, of Seymour, Ind., and the four-year-old son of a neighbor, George Ellard, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed Scullman's home.

Herman Menninger, chief of the Milwaukee (Wis.) fire department, died from the effects of injuries sustained at a fire two months ago, when it was reported he inhaled acid fumes.

Fred Ross, who was knocked out by Jack Donnelly in the sixteenth round of a prize fight at Aberdeen, Wash., is dead. His neck was dislocated and a blood clot gathered on the brain.

Three railroad employees were killed and two injured and thousands of dollars' worth of property destroyed by a head-on collision on the Fitchburg division of the Boston & Maine railroad near Wachusett, Mass.

Gen. Amasa Cobb, brigadier general of volunteers during the civil war, veteran of the Mexican war, congressman and ex-justice of the supreme court of Nebraska, died at Los Angeles, Cal., aged 82 years.

The formal opening of the twenty-second international Christian Endeavor convention took place in Armory hall, Baltimore, Md., with about 8,000 delegates present.

Mrs. Lucie B. Tyne, one of the best-known temperance workers in the United States, died in Peoria, Ill.

The new directory indicates Chicago's population to be 2,212,000.

The weekly crop report shows that growth has been retarded by heavy rains, but the condition of corn in the corn belt is excellent.

The money circulation July 1 was the largest per capita and in amount in the history of the country. Bank note issues in the past year were larger than the new gold increase.

Most of the Chicago indicted packers, their agents and the companies in which they are interested have furnished bonds.

Gov. Haul's crusade against book-makers has put an end to horse racing in Indiana.

Samuel Thompson, a Chicago coffee importer, says the scheme of an eastern clique to have a tax imposed on market manipulation to secure \$12,000,000 profit on stock.

Grace Stewart's will, dividing an estate of \$50,000 between his widow, children, brothers and sisters, was filed in Chicago.

The Spring Valley (Ill.) national bank and the First national bank of Toledo, Ill., closed their doors as the result of the failure of C. J. Devlin, of Topeka, Kan.

S. L. Frater, of Chicago, who asked for an accounting by his partner in the brokerage business suddenly died, leaving an alleged defalcation of \$100,000.

The Washburn railway company has discharged its superintendent of the recent service department and 121 men employed in detective work.

Fourth of July casualties reported throughout this country number 42 deaths and 2,311 injured.

Loss of life variously estimated at more than 200 and less than 1,000 persons, and property damage to the extent of over \$1,000,000 were caused by the recent flood which swept over the town of Guanajuato, Mex.

John Bowman, cashier of the Commercial bank of Hagerstown, Ind., committed suicide by shooting. No cause for the deed is known.

Ten business houses and one dwelling at Route 1, Pa., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$50,000. The insurance was small.

The American revivalists, Rev. R. E. Allen, A. Torrey and Charles M. Alexander, concluded their five months' revival campaign in England with a great thanksgiving service at Albert hall, London, for the 14,000 converts recorded.

In view of the bad harvest prospects owing to the drought and the storms in Portugal, King Charles has sanctioned the importation of 75,000 tons of American wheat and has ordered the reduction of the customs duties by 50 per cent.

The heat, which continued several days throughout central Europe, has caused it to be estimated from the reports now coming in, more than 100 deaths in Germany. At midday in the shade the temperature has been as high as 107.

Martin Hart won over Jack Root in the twelfth round at Reno, Nev., the latter being knocked out by a vicious blow in the pit of the stomach.

Just before the fight began, Jim Jeffries, who was the referee, called the men to him and announced that the victor would be the heavyweight champion of the world.

Mrs. Gertrude Dodgson shot and killed her husband, Thomas Dodgson, and then killed herself. The tragedy took place in Portland, Ore. The woman was jealous.

Gov. Magdon has pardoned Robb Guerrero, sentenced last January to five years' imprisonment at hard labor. This is the first pardon granted in the canal zone.

The forty-fourth convention of the National Educational association assembled at Astbury Park, N. J., for a session extending over five days. Thousands of delegates, representing every state and territory, attended.

SOMETHING HE CANNOT COMPREHEND.

[By McCutcheon, in Chicago Daily Tribune.]



BLOWN TO PIECES BY DEADLY BLAST

HORROR CAUSED BY EXPLOSION OF ROCK POWDER.

EIGHT WORKMEN ARE KILLED

Two Others Are Injured—Bodies of Victims Horribly Mangled—Disaster Occurs Near New Cumberland, Pa.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 10.—Eight men were blown to pieces and two others were injured by the premature explosion of a big blast of rock powder on the Pennsylvania railroad improvement near New Cumberland, at 1:20 o'clock Sunday morning. The accident occurred directly across the Susquehanna river from the scene of the Pennsylvania railroad wreck on May 11, in which 23 persons were killed and many others injured. All the victims of Sunday's disaster were employees of P. S. Kerbaugh & Co., incorporated, contractors, who are building the double tracks for the Pennsylvania railroad to connect with the Eola yards. The bodies of the men were terribly mangled and particles of flesh and bone were scattered for a distance of 200 yards from the scene of the explosion.

The Victims.

The dead are: James Wiseman, aged 50, dynamite boss, 38 Front avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.; Arthur Green, colored, 23 years old, steam drifter, Harrisburg; Robert Thompson, colored, 22 years old, steam drifter's helper, Harrisburg; Frank Mullah, a Slav, 45 years old; three Italians and one Slav, known only by numbers.

Not a trace of the two colored men who were killed can be found, and it is supposed their bodies were blown into the river, which is being dragged. An inquest was held by Squire Coble, of Lemoyne. The jury rendered a verdict of premature explosion from an unknown cause, and no blame attached to the contractors.

Horribly Mangled.

All the killed and injured were laborers, aside from Wiseman, whose body was terribly mangled. What could be found of it was identified by the fact that he dined his hair. His scalp and a portion of his head was found on a hill, 200 yards from the blast. Wiseman has been with the Kerbaugh company for five years, and had gone to the scene of the explosion to personally supervise the preparations for what is called a "big shot," consisting of a series of blasts, the holes having been drilled in a row, and the charges being set off simultaneously by an electric spark. Five of the holes had been filled with powder and the men were at work on the sixth when the explosion occurred. It is supposed that a small stone had gotten into the hole and that the iron bar with which the men were "tamping" down the charge caused a spark by scraping on the stone, and that this ignited the powder.

A leather belt containing \$312 in paper money, supposed to belong to one of the men, was picked up near the scene of the explosion. Pieces of flesh and bone were found fastened in the telegraph wires over the railroad tracks. The fragments of the bodies were placed in rough caskets after the coroner's inquest, and they will be buried to-day. There were no buildings in the immediate vicinity of the explosion and there was no damage except for the destruction to a few telegraph poles and a large tool shed in a nearby quarry, which was torn clear out and drawn 15 feet toward the scene of the blast. The explosion shook the country for miles around and broke many windows in Harrisburg and towns across the river. Twelve hundred and fifty pounds of rock powder had been unloaded just before the explosion, but it was not disturbed.

Japan's Foreign Trade.

In exports, as well as in imports, Japan's foreign trade in the war year 1914 was larger than in the peace years 1911, 1912 and 1913. The figures are: 1911, \$251,000,000; 1912, \$253,000,000; 1913, \$250,000,000; 1914, \$315,000,000. The \$12,000,000 increase in the war year 1914 over peace year 1913 was made up of exports, \$12,000,000, and imports, \$17,000,000. The customs receipts in those years were: 1911, \$1,500,000; 1912, \$1,650,000; 1913, \$2,000,000, and 1914, \$10,000,000.

Jersey Bull Sold for \$10,000.

George E. Peet, of Rochester, N. Y., paid \$10,000 for Eminent H. at T. S. Cooper's sale of imported Jersey cattle at Allentown, Pa. This is the highest price ever paid for a Jersey at a public sale. Ninety head were sold for \$71,000. Thomas W. Lawson and George Vandertilt were heavy buyers.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE

PREPARATIONS FOR MEETING OF THE ENVOYS.

Japan Opposed to China's Request to Be Represented During the Proceedings.

Washington, July 10.—The past week has seen few developments in the plans for the peace conference negotiations. Negotiations for an armistice are not expected to be concluded until after the plenipotentiaries meet. It is pointed out again that the beginning of the rainy season in the war zone removes the necessity for the immediate signing of an armistice. Little doubt is felt, however, that this will be the first subject discussed by the plenipotentiaries and probably their initial act will be the signing of a protocol providing for the cessation of hostilities for a limited period. Baron de Rosen will go to New York within the next few days and thence to Oyster Bay to be presented to the president. No place has yet been finally selected for the holding of the conference, but this Baron de Rosen will discuss with the president on Thursday. Expecting that some place in New England would certainly be selected, Baron de Rosen chose Manchester for the summer headquarters for his embassy. It is believed here that the choice lies between Portsmouth, N. H., and Portland, Me., with the chances in favor of the former.

Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister, will be an early visitor at Oyster Bay to discuss the arrangements for the conference. It is the belief here that instead of the president making the tedious trip to Washington to greet the plenipotentiaries the plan which probably will be adopted is for the plenipotentiaries to go to Oyster Bay, the Japanese boarding the *Mayflower* at the navy yard, Washington, and the Russian envoys going in the *Dolphin* from New York to Oyster Bay where they will be jointly received by the president and formally presented to each other. They could go by boat thence to the place selected for the conference, returning to Washington at the conclusion of their labors for the formal signing of the treaty of Washington, provided their labors are so successful.

China's request to be represented in the Washington conference on the ground that she is vitally interested in the proceedings, has been received by the president and informally transmitted to the plenipotentiaries. Whether the president has received the formal replies cannot be learned, but it can be stated that while Russia is inclined to favor the suggestion, Japan will not consent to it. Japan has already made public her assurance that Manchuria is to be restored to China. That is one of the principles for which she says she has been fighting. Japan regards herself as fully capable of executing this promise without the assistance of China, and in view of China's inability before the war to cope with Russia in Manchuria, the Japanese government is unable to see what possible service a Chinese representative would be in the Washington conference. Moreover, Japan has all along taken the position that when peace negotiations were terminated they would be conducted directly with Russia. It is altogether unlikely that the Washington government will press the claim of China, and the official view here fails to sympathize with the idea.

Clash with Federal Judge. Georgetown, Ky., July 10.—It has been stated here that Judge Scott, of the circuit court, who is to call the Caleb Powers case for trial on Monday, has given orders to Jailer Finley not to allow the transfer of Powers from his charge until after the trial, no matter what decision was made by United States Judge Cochran.

Bomb Kills Two. Tidis, Transcaucasia, July 10.—Bomb throwing continues daily. Two Druzes were killed and 13 persons wounded by a bomb, and a policeman was shot Saturday night.

More Bodies Found. Guanajuato, Mexico, July 10.—In the process of cleaning streets of debris caused by the flood, more bodies have been found. Most of the corpses are mangled beyond recognition.

German Paper Floors. Paper floors are growing in favor in Germany. They have no joints to harden, and they are also cheaper than hard wood floors. The paper is spread in the form of paste, rolled, and when dry, painted to imitate wood.

Queer Calling. A woman who was plaintiff in an action in a London court the other day said she earned her living by lending out silk hats, skirts and feathers to working girls for holidays.

FLAG OF REBELS IS HAULED DOWN

MUTINEERS SURRENDER THE KNIAZ POTEMKIN.

THEY ARE PROMISED SAFETY

Give Up the Ship to Roumanian Authorities Who Agree to Treat Them as Foreign Deserters—Vessel Turned Over to Kruger.

Kustrenj, Roumania, July 10.—The flag of St. Andrew once again floats over the Russian battleship *Kniaz Potemkin* and the torpedo boat which have proved such terrors to the Black sea communities for a couple of weeks past. The formal surrender of the mutinous crews actually took place at one o'clock Saturday afternoon after a series of discussions and negotiations between the Roumanian authorities and the leaders of the mutineers. Treated as Foreign Deserters.

Roumanian officers who boarded the battleship on their arrival here called upon the crew to surrender, in which case they would be treated as foreign deserters, or else leave the port forthwith. It speedily became apparent that the Russian vessels returned to this port with the intention of surrendering to a foreign government, and the crews soon announced their acceptance of the Roumanian terms.

Not Allowed to Remove Treasure. The mutineers desired to take off the treasure which was on board the *Potemkin*, but the Roumanian authorities declined to acquiesce. The Russians will gradually be conveyed to any frontier they may select and will then be liberated, the local officials having given an undertaking to this effect. The Roumanian flag, as well as the Russian flag, has been hoisted over the surrendered vessels, so as to prevent any attack on them in Roumanian waters by the vessels of the Russian squadron, which are reported to be in pursuit of the mutineers.

Delivered to Kruger. Kustrenj, Roumania, July 10.—Admiral Kruger Sunday afternoon boarded and took possession of the Russian battleship *Kniaz Potemkin*. King Charles of Roumania having sent instructions to the commander of the Roumanian squadron that the vessel be delivered to the Russian authorities without raising difficulties. The torpedo boat which accompanied the *Kniaz Potemkin*, however, left for Odessa without surrendering, declaring that she had not mutinied, but that the *Kniaz Potemkin* had forced her to follow.

Admiral Kruger arrived with his squadron during the morning, and after exchanging the customary salutes, instructed that he had come to arrange for the transfer of the *Kniaz Potemkin*. Admiral Kostinskiy, commander of the Roumanian squadron, boarded the Russian battleship *Tchesma* and informed Admiral Kruger that King Charles had ordered him to turn the vessel over to the Russian admiral. The formalities of the transfer were completed in the afternoon, and Admiral Kruger boarded the *Kniaz Potemkin*.

In a State of Disorder. An inspection was made of the *Kniaz Potemkin*, after the withdrawal of the Roumanian guard. Despite the efforts of the Roumanians to get things in shipshape, everything aboard the battleship was still in a state of wild disorder. The officers' cabins were stripped of everything of any value, and bloodstains were everywhere. There was sufficient ammunition aboard the *Kniaz Potemkin* to have enabled the mutineers to make a desperate resistance. It is said that during the last few days the vessel was navigated by two engineers and an officer with revolvers at their heads. All of the sailors wished to surrender with the exception of Matschenko, the leader of the mutiny, who resisted for some time and wanted to blow up the ship. Seven officers were prisoners aboard the *Kniaz Potemkin*. They were in a pitiable condition from ill treatment. They declare that Matschenko himself killed ten officers of the battleship.

Awards Kruger's Report. St. Petersburg, July 10.—The government is awaiting a report from Admiral Kruger before making representations to the Roumanian government for the return of the mutineers of the *Kniaz Potemkin*. It was stated at the foreign office that no official information of the attitude of Roumania towards the mutineers had been received. While no diplomatic steps have been taken, the foreign office undoubtedly will make strongest representations against the mutineers being treated as simple deserters, and demand their surrender, not only for mutiny, but also for the murder of their officers, the bombardment of Odessa and the incitement to a revolution. The outrageous proclamation issued by the mutineers also will weigh heavily against them. Their crime is one which is considered most odious by all nations, and it is thought imperative that the sternest justice be meted out to the ringleaders as an example to the fleets of Russia and of the whole world.

One Was Killed. London, Ky., July 10.—In a pistol duel between Green Merrill and Harvey Rice on Indian creek, in Owsley county, Merrill was killed and Rice seriously wounded.

More Bodies Found. Guanajuato, Mexico, July 10.—In the process of cleaning streets of debris caused by the flood, more bodies have been found. Most of the corpses are mangled beyond recognition.

German Paper Floors. Paper floors are growing in favor in Germany. They have no joints to harden, and they are also cheaper than hard wood floors. The paper is spread in the form of paste, rolled, and when dry, painted to imitate wood.

Queer Calling. A woman who was plaintiff in an action in a London court the other day said she earned her living by lending out silk hats, skirts and feathers to working girls for holidays.

Four Facts For Sick Women To Consider

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has an Unequalled Record of Cures—Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Is Confidential, Free, and Always Helpful

FIRST.—That almost every operation in our hospitals performed upon women becomes necessary through neglect of such symptoms as backache, irregular and painful menstruation, leucorrhoea, displacements of the uterus, pain in the side, burning sensation in the stomach, bearing-down pains, nervousness, dizziness and sleeplessness.

SECOND.—The medicine that holds the record for the largest number of absolute cures of female ills is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It regulates, strengthens and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can.

For thirty years it has been helping women to be strong, curing backache, nervousness, kidney troubles, allurteries and ovarian inflammation, weakness and displacements, regulating menstruation perfectly and overcoming its pains. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing for childbirth and the change of life.

PECKS BAD BOY



The Bad Boy Makes Friends with Some Italian Children—Dad Is Chased by Lions from the Coliseum—Not Any More Home for Papa, Says Dad.

BY HON. GEORGE W. PECK
(Ex-Governor of Wisconsin, Former Editor of Peck's Sun, Author of "Peck's Bad Boy," etc.)

(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)
ROME, ITALY.—MY DEAR OLD FATHER:—Well, sir, if you could see me now, you wouldn't know me, because foreign travel has broadened me out, so I can talk on any subject, and people of my age look upon me as an authority, and they surround me everywhere I go, and urge me to talk. The fact that the boys and girls do not understand a word I say, makes no difference. They don't wear many clothes here, and there is no style about them, and when they see me, with a whole suit of clothes, and a hat, and shoes and socks, and a scarf-pin on my necktie, they think I must be an American that is too rich for any use, or something that ranks with a prince at least, and the boys delight to be with me, and so errands for me, and the girls seem to be in love with me.

There is no way you can tell if a girl is in love with you, except that she looks at you with eyes that are as black as coal, and they seem to burn a hole right into your insides, and when they take hold of your hand they hang on, and squeeze like a diamond-leaf in a dance at home, and they snugg up to you, and are as warm and cheerful as a gas stove.

Say, I sat on a bench in a plaza with a girl about my age, for an hour, while the other girls and boys sat on the ground and looked at us in admiration, and when I put my arm around her and kissed her on her pouting lips, it brought on a revolution. An Italian soldier policeman took me by the neck and threw me across the street, the girl scratched me with her finger nails and bit me, and yelled some grand hailing sign of distress, her brother and a ragged boy that was in love with the girl, and was jealous, drew daggers, and the whole crowd yelled murder, and I started for our hotel on a run, and the whole population of Rome seemed to follow me, and I might as well have been a negro accused of crime in the states. I thought they would turn me at the stake, but dad came out of the hotel and threw a handful of small change into the crowd, and it was all over.

After they picked up the coin they beckoned me to come out and play some more, but not any more for little Henry. I have been in love in all countries where we have traveled, and in all languages, but this Italian love takes the whole bakery, and I don't go around any more without a chaparral. The girls are ragged, and wear shawls over their heads, and there are holes in their dresses and their skin isn't white, like American girls, but is what they call olive complexion, like stuffed olives you try in bottles, stuffed with cayenne pepper.



AND IT BROUGHT ON A REVOLUTION. per, but the girls are just like the cayenne pepper, so warm that you want to throw away on yourself after they have touched you. Great I wouldn't want to live in a climate where the girls were a torrid zone, 'cause I should melt, like an icicle that drops in a stove, and makes steam, and blows up the whole house.

Well, old man, you talk about churches, but you don't know anything about it. Dad and I went to St. Peter's in Rome, and it is the grandest thing in the world. Say, the Congregational church at home, which we thought so grand, could be put in one little corner of St. Peter's, and would look like 20 cents. St. Peter's covers ground about half a mile square, and when you go inside and look at grown people on the other side of it, they look like flies, and the organ is as big as a block of buildings in Chicago, and when they blow it, you think the last day has come, and yet the music is as sweet as a melodeon, and makes you want to get down on your knees with all the thousands of good Christians of Italy, and confess that you are a fraud, that ought to be arrested.

Dad and I have been to all kinds of churches, everywhere, and never turned a hair, but since we got to this town, and got some of the prevailing religion into our systems, we feel guilty, and it seems as though every body could see right into us, and that they knew we were heathens, that never knew there was a God. Say, thing, I never supposed there were so many people in the world that worshipped their Maker, that all over the world good people look to Rome for the light. Dad keeps telling me that when we get home we will set an example that will make people pay attention, but he says he doesn't want to join the church until he has seen all the sights, and then he will swear off for good.

He said to me yesterday: "Now, Henry, I have been to all the pious places with you, the pope's residence, the catacombs and St. Peter's, where they preach from 49 different places, and make you feel like giving up your sins, and I have looked at carvings, and decorations, and marble and jewels, and seen the folly of my ways of life, and I am ripe for a change, but before I give up the world and all of its wickedness, I want blood. I want to go to the other extreme, and see the wild beasts at the

Momani's Emancipation Drawing Nearer

BY MRS. LILLIE DEVEREUX BLAKE.

honors. In the older universities women are not admitted in competition with boys, but safely excluded in annexes. They are afraid of them.

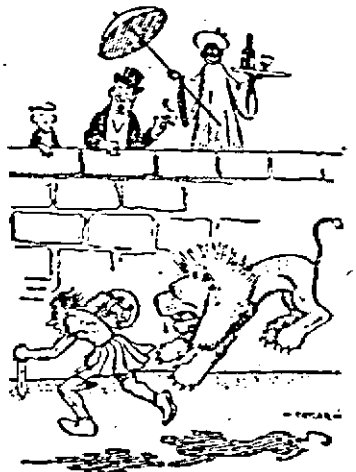
Victor Hugo said that "the nineteenth century was the woman's century," and it is probable that the rise of woman will date from the work done in that cycle, and the twentieth century will see the fruition of our hopes, the achievement of all that we have struggled for. The women of the present and of the coming generation will reap the harvest, the seeds of which were sown by the pioneers of the latter half of the nineteenth century.

Woman has been in the past and will always be in the future the guardian of the home, the conservator of virtue, and her emancipation will mark a bright era in the evolution of the world.

It is preposterous to suppose that the women working for suffrage have ever approved of the singular financial measures or social conditions that have been advocated from time to time by fanatics. It is not just to hold the leaders in the woman's movement responsible for the peculiar views that have been entertained by some people who have also favored woman suffrage.

Coliseum tear human beings limb from limb, and drink their blood, and see gladiators gladiate, and chop down their antagonists, and put one foot on their prostrate necks, like they do in the theaters, and then I am ready to leave this town, and be good."

Well, sir, I have been in lots of tight places before, but this one beat the band. Here was my dad, who did not know that the Roman gladiator business had been



WHAT DAD WANTED TO SEE.

off the boards for over 2,000 years, that the eating of human prisoners by wild beasts in the presence of the Roman populace was played out, and that the Coliseum was a ruin and did not exist as a place of amusement. He thought everything that he had read about the horrors of a Roman holiday was running to-day, as a side show, and he wanted to see it, and I had encouraged him in his ideas, because he was nervous, and I didn't want to undo him. He had come to Rome to see things he couldn't find at home, and it was up to me to deliver the goods.

See, but it made me sweat, 'cause I knew if dad did not get a show for his money, he would lay it up against me, so I told him we would go to the Coliseum that night and see the hungry lions and tigers eat some of the leading citizens, just as they did when Caesar ran the show. Then I found an American from Chicago at the hotel, who told me that he had seen the Coliseum, and he said he expected me in the way of amusement, and he said the only way was to take dad out to the Coliseum, and in the dark roll a barrel of broken glass down the tiers of seats and make him believe there was an earthquake that had destroyed the Coliseum, and that the lions and tigers were all loose, looking for people to eat, and scare dad and make a run back to town.

I didn't want to play such a scandalous trick on dad, but the Chicago man said that was the only way out of it, and he could get a barrel of broken glass for a dollar, and hire four ruffians that could roar like lions for a few dollars, and it would give dad good exercise, and may be save him from a run of Roman fever, 'cause there was nothing like a good scare to knock the fever out of a fellow's system. The thing struck me as not only a good experience for dad, but a life saver, so I whacked up the money, and the Chicago soap man did the rest.

After dark we went out to the ruins of the Coliseum, where a great many tourists go to look at the ruins by moonlight, and dad was as anxious and blood-thirsty as a young curgeon cutting up his first "stuff." When we got to the right place, and I told dad we were a little early, because the nobility were not yet there, the ruffians began to roar three dollars' worth, like hungry lions, and dad turned a little pale, and said that sounded like the real thing.

I told him we better not get too near, because we were not accustomed to see-



I DIDN'T KNOW HE WAS SUCH A SPRINTER.

ing live men chewed up by beasts, and dad said he didn't care how near we got, as long as they chewed and tore to pieces the nobles; so we started to work up a little nearer, when there was a noise such as I never heard before, as the hoghead of broken glass began to roll down the tiers of stone seats, and I fell over on the ground, and pushed dad, and he went over in the sand and struck his pants on a cactus, and yelled that he was stabbed with a dirk, and I got up and fell down again, and just then the Chicago soap man came up on a gallop, fol-

The cause of "the advancement of woman" is steadily gaining ground. Every year brings its triumphs. In the coeducational colleges it is the girls who have carried off all the

honors. In the older universities women are not admitted in competition with boys, but safely excluded in annexes. They are afraid of them.

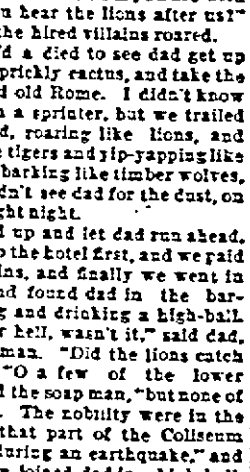
Victor Hugo said that "the nineteenth century was the woman's century," and it is probable that the rise of woman will date from the work done in that cycle, and the twentieth century will see the fruition of our hopes, the achievement of all that we have struggled for. The women of the present and of the coming generation will reap the harvest, the seeds of which were sown by the pioneers of the latter half of the nineteenth century.

Woman has been in the past and will always be in the future the guardian of the home, the conservator of virtue, and her emancipation will mark a bright era in the evolution of the world.

It is preposterous to suppose that the women working for suffrage have ever approved of the singular financial measures or social conditions that have been advocated from time to time by fanatics. It is not just to hold the leaders in the woman's movement responsible for the peculiar views that have been entertained by some people who have also favored woman suffrage.

Coliseum tear human beings limb from limb, and drink their blood, and see gladiators gladiate, and chop down their antagonists, and put one foot on their prostrate necks, like they do in the theaters, and then I am ready to leave this town, and be good."

Well, sir, I have been in lots of tight places before, but this one beat the band. Here was my dad, who did not know that the Roman gladiator business had been



WHAT DAD WANTED TO SEE.

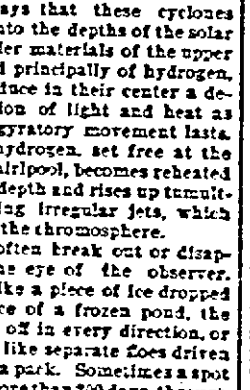
off the boards for over 2,000 years, that the eating of human prisoners by wild beasts in the presence of the Roman populace was played out, and that the Coliseum was a ruin and did not exist as a place of amusement. He thought everything that he had read about the horrors of a Roman holiday was running to-day, as a side show, and he wanted to see it, and I had encouraged him in his ideas, because he was nervous, and I didn't want to undo him. He had come to Rome to see things he couldn't find at home, and it was up to me to deliver the goods.

See, but it made me sweat, 'cause I knew if dad did not get a show for his money, he would lay it up against me, so I told him we would go to the Coliseum that night and see the hungry lions and tigers eat some of the leading citizens, just as they did when Caesar ran the show. Then I found an American from Chicago at the hotel, who told me that he had seen the Coliseum, and he said he expected me in the way of amusement, and he said the only way was to take dad out to the Coliseum, and in the dark roll a barrel of broken glass down the tiers of seats and make him believe there was an earthquake that had destroyed the Coliseum, and that the lions and tigers were all loose, looking for people to eat, and scare dad and make a run back to town.

I didn't want to play such a scandalous trick on dad, but the Chicago man said that was the only way out of it, and he could get a barrel of broken glass for a dollar, and hire four ruffians that could roar like lions for a few dollars, and it would give dad good exercise, and may be save him from a run of Roman fever, 'cause there was nothing like a good scare to knock the fever out of a fellow's system. The thing struck me as not only a good experience for dad, but a life saver, so I whacked up the money, and the Chicago soap man did the rest.

After dark we went out to the ruins of the Coliseum, where a great many tourists go to look at the ruins by moonlight, and dad was as anxious and blood-thirsty as a young curgeon cutting up his first "stuff." When we got to the right place, and I told dad we were a little early, because the nobility were not yet there, the ruffians began to roar three dollars' worth, like hungry lions, and dad turned a little pale, and said that sounded like the real thing.

I told him we better not get too near, because we were not accustomed to see-



I DIDN'T KNOW HE WAS SUCH A SPRINTER.

ing live men chewed up by beasts, and dad said he didn't care how near we got, as long as they chewed and tore to pieces the nobles; so we started to work up a little nearer, when there was a noise such as I never heard before, as the hoghead of broken glass began to roll down the tiers of stone seats, and I fell over on the ground, and pushed dad, and he went over in the sand and struck his pants on a cactus, and yelled that he was stabbed with a dirk, and I got up and fell down again, and just then the Chicago soap man came up on a gallop, fol-

Fashions for the Midsummer



SUMMER GIRLS.

Lingerie waists blossom on every tree, and an infinite variety of them there is. As Dame Rumor says they are to be worn until late in the fall, it would be well for the fastidious maid to see that her stock is kept up.

How shall we begin to select and describe when there are such numbers to choose from? Perhaps we had better choose from and bring forth what we may. Here is one of finest dotted swiss, the dots very small. It is made with a round neck, and is becoming only to the happy maid with perfect throat and shoulders. It is a sort of baby waist, very simple. It has gathers giving fullness in front, the back plain. The sleeves are quite full and extend just below the elbow, where a deep frill of wide footed edged with narrow lace flows softly over the arm. The neck is finished with narrower footed lace edged. Simple as it is, but if well cut and fitted very effective.

Tucks have much place on the lingerie waist, and are very attractive in summer, emphasizing the sheerness of the materials. One waist had a wide strip of fine insertion down the front, on either side were long rows of tucks alternating with short clusters. At the shoulder a deep under plait gave the proper fullness, for the waist set well over the bust. This plait was "discovered" some years ago, but its value is still appreciated.

There is no end of lace waists, but personally we prefer the lace materials that are not so elaborate or ostentatious as the heavy and rich all-over patterns—the plain materials infinitely preferable to cheap imitation laces. Even the best of the all-over look fussy rather than cool and fresh.

We noticed a cool-looking maid this morning. A black silk skirt, a sheer white lingerie waist, elbow sleeves and long black silk gloves. The hat was a white Panama with a China silk scarf wound about it, the parasol a long-handled affair of white pongee. She could have worn this costume anywhere of a summer day, provided it was as fresh and crisp as when I saw it.

Handles of parasols are very long

again, for which we may be thankful—we need not get our hats scraped off now when a friend gallantly essays to save us the fatigue of carrying the sunshade. Wash gloves have ousted all others; mits and finger "handshakes" are worn. It is the best to have the gloves and stockings match the costume rather than contrast, and one should be very careful to get right shades. Sometimes the girl behind the counter will inform you in indifferent manner that it is impossible to get certain shades in silk gloves, but a little searching at the better stores will reward you with a rainbow array from which to make selection. The dealers are supplied with hose and gloves in every imaginable tone.

There are shown pretty shoes of black patent leather with white uppers. Bits of white on the shoes are a novelty recently introduced, and are quite an addition to the sober black to which we are accustomed. Canvas galsters are an excellent novelty, the old time wooden galsters were entirely too heating. There is many a cool day when the low shoe is a trifle too cool, and the canvas "spat" will come in well.

Underclothes deserve a word, for there is noticeable a decided change in summer underwear. Everything is made of softest material and there is more simplicity of appearance; not so much lace and insertion and heading, but finer, less showy work. Embroidery in white, eyelets and scallops in white, make these affairs cool money, but the appearance is quite simple. As a rule the lingerie waists open in the back, and the opening of the corset cover necessarily should be hidden. The fullness at the back is drawn down in small tucks.

Very pretty pongee petticoats are offered for sale, the first cost of that of a good silk petticoat; but they make a more economical investment, wash so beautifully and wear so well. The gray silk pongees are especially good. And by the way, gray silk stockings this year are lovely, in the many tones of gray that the season shows in costumes.

Some Popular Linen Dresses

In England one can buy linen for something like ten cents a yard. It costs five times that and more here, many times more for very good—but it is worn this season by everyone.

White comes first in favor, and then may be mentioned the goblin blue, cream and tans, delft blue, navy blue, greens and raspberry shades. Linen should always be well shrunk before it is made up, and if the shrinking is done at home this is the plan to follow: Four boiling water on the goods, let stand until cool, hang up

For summer traveling there will be worn with silk skirts long coats of linen matching in color. Shoes and stockings of like shade add to the style of the costume, especially in browns and tans. And speaking of footwear, there are now offered the most attractive embroidered white canvas shoes, which, worn with open-work stockings, complete a white embroidered costume very prettily. Our grandmothers, you remember, had great fondness for white hosiery, and we are coming to appreciation of what they approved.

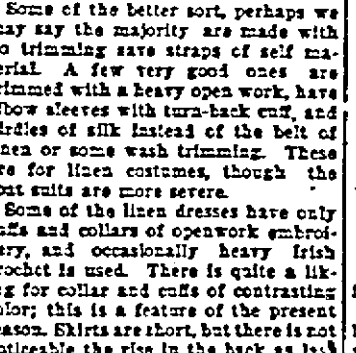
ELLEN OSMOND.

LANGUAGE OF THE ROSE.

Significance of the Various Members of the Sweet and Beautiful Family.

In the language of flowers the rose means love; Arabian rose, thou art all that is lovely; Burgundy rose, unconquered beauty; cabbage rose, ambassador of love; Campion rose, only desire my love; Carolina rose, love is dangerous; China rose, beauty always new; Christmas rose, tranquility my anxiety; daily rose, the smile I aspire to; damask rose, brilliant complexion; deep red rose, bashful shame; dog rose, pleasure and pain; Guelder rose, winter, age; hundred-leaved rose, pride; Japan rose, beauty is your only attraction; maiden blush rose, if you love me you will find it out; Monticelli rose, grace; musk rose, capricious beauty; musk rose cluster, charming; pink rose, simplicity; thornless rose, early attachment; unique rose, call me not beautiful; white rose, I am worthy of you; white rose withered, transient impressions; yellow rose, decrease of love and jealousy; York and Lancaster rose, war; fall-blown rose placed over two buds, secrecy; white and red roses together, unity; crown of roses, reward of virtue; red rosebud, pure and lovely; white rosebud, girlhood; moss rosebud, confession of love.

Some of the linen dresses have only cuffs and collars of openwork embroidery, and occasionally heavy Irish crochet is used. There is quite a liking for collar and cuffs of contrasting color; this is a feature of the present season. Skirts are short, but there is not noticeable the rise in the back as last



OF LINEN.

year. If the skirt escapes the ground an inch in the front, it will be elevated only an inch and a half in the back now.

Coats for linen suits are made semi-fitting in the back, square box front is adorned with large pearl buttons. The sleeves, very full at the shoulders, are large and have plain stitched cuffs. Skirts are not so voluminous as they promised to be, fit close about the hips and the flare, though considerable, is not exaggerated.

For summer traveling there will be worn with silk skirts long coats of linen matching in color. Shoes and stockings of like shade add to the style of the costume, especially in browns and tans. And speaking of footwear, there are now offered the most attractive embroidered white canvas shoes, which, worn with open-work stockings, complete a white embroidered costume very prettily. Our grandmothers, you remember, had great fondness for white hosiery, and we are coming to appreciation of what they approved.

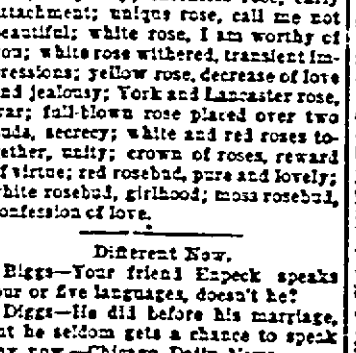
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OF LINEN.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

No Cut Rates to Veterans.
Wausau.—There is widespread consternation among the inmates and officials of the Wisconsin Veterans' home over the effect of the new railroad rate commission law. Herebefore the Wisconsin Central railroad has always granted a half fare rate to all old soldiers, their widows and wives who are inmates of the home upon an order requesting such reduction of rate signed by the commandant. This has enabled the home inmates to make occasional visits among their relatives and friends in different parts of the state when they would hardly be able to have done so had they been obliged to pay full fare. Col. J. H. Woodworth, commandant, has received notice from the officials of the Wisconsin Central stating that no further orders for reduced rates would be accepted.

Honor for a Priest.
Milwaukee.—Congratulations from Pope Pius X. in the handwriting of the great head of the Roman Catholic church, were received by Rev. Louis Barth, pastor of St. Lawrence's church, on the twenty-fifth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood, which was celebrated recently. This is the first time that a Milwaukee priest has been thus honored by the pope. The letter is one of many remembrances received by Father Barth, who was the recipient of many costly gifts, tokens of the high esteem in which he is held by the people of his parish.

Cigarettes Barred Out.
Milwaukee.—The anti-cigarette law enacted by the last legislature went into effect in Wisconsin July 1. Not a cigarette or cigarette paper is now obtainable in any store in Milwaukee. The law covers merely the sale, manufacture and giving away of cigarettes and cigarette papers in the state. Some of the drastic provisions in the original bill were cut out before the measure was sanctioned by the legislature and governor.

Many Pilgrims at Holy Hill.
Hartford.—Between 500 and 1,000 people were in attendance at Holy Hill to celebrate the feast of visitation. Two special trains were run from Milwaukee and Chicago. Rev. Mr. McEwen of Milwaukee and Father Deitram of Hartford officiated. The music was rendered by a select choir from Milwaukee. The weather was fine and there were many pilgrims from the surrounding country.

Deadly Dynamite Can.
Milwaukee.—With the passing of the giant freeraker as one engine of death to young America, the dynamite can has come to the front to take its place. The fourth of July list of accidents in Milwaukee and Wisconsin has added dozens of names with this significant addendum, "due to dynamite can." The state law against cannon freerackers seems to have proved useless.

The News Condensed.
Madison.—For the first time in the history of Onondia Indian litigation an Indian will have been admitted to probate and its provisions have been adhered to. The will of Mrs. Mary Wheelock, aged 72 years, has been admitted in the Brown county court.

Tomahawk—Avery Kerk of New Lisbon, a brakeman on the Milwaukee road, was killed in a train wreck near here.

Wilmett.—The new Holy Name Catholic church was dedicated, Archbishop Messmer of Milwaukee and Bishop McGavick of Chicago being in charge of the service, and assisted by priests from all portions of southern Wisconsin.

Sheboygan.—The Sheboygan lime works is about to begin a suit against the Northwestern road for damages suffered during the flood of a few weeks ago. It is claimed that the big stone railroad bridge at Pigeon river acted as a dam and caused the filling up of the quarry.

Racine.—Congressman H. A. Cooper left Racine for Chicago, where he met Secretary Taft and party and started on a trip to the Philippines and Japan.

Madison.—Friends are urging the appointment of Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin, to the cabinet position now held by Secretary McFall.

Racine.—In a discussion on the question of refusing a liquor license to a Mr. Lutz, because pastors of large churches asked it, a Racine alderman charged that in the hall in connection with one of these churches beer had been sold, which he thought was as bad as a saloon on the opposite side of the street, as no license was paid for selling in the hall.

Spooner.—Nelson's general store was ruined by fire, caused by a gasoline explosion.

Reedsburg.—The Northwestern is building a new passenger station here.

La Crosse.—The home of John Pampier was entered by burglars, the inmates drugged and a quantity of valuable jewelry, including a number of family heirlooms, considered priceless by the family, and a small amount of cash were taken.

Racine.—A burglar who has been robbing many places on the south side of Racine took possession of the residence of Fred Rickman and stored his ill-gotten gain and slept there. The officers found lace curtains, pillows, quilts, jewelry and other property. For more than three weeks he had lived in the heart of the aristocratic section of the town.

Spooner.—Nelson's general store was ruined by fire, caused by a gasoline explosion.

Mockwonago.—Edward McAdams, a farmer living near here, was killed on the railroad track.

Racine.—Vice presidents of the Racine County Old Settlers' society have taken steps to erect a pavilion on the grounds to accommodate 2,000 people. John S. Blakey was elected president, D. H. Flett treasurer, and John Gillette secretary. The collection of 50 cents dues per annum of members was abolished.

Dartford.—Fire broke out in August Kelp's saloon and destroyed the building and contents. The loss will total \$1,500. Hard work on the part of the firemen saved an adjoining saloon. Fireman W. G. Sargent received a halut over one eye.

SPORTS AND ATHLETICS

To the followers of baseball among the leading western colleges, the past season has been most disappointing. With the possible exception of Michigan, not one of the big universities has shown the form displayed in previous seasons. Illinois, with a green team, started out with a rush, but soon struck a snag in the Wolverines and stopped short. Chicago started badly, losing most of their big games before showing much form. Toward the end of the season the Maroons picked up a little, but went all to pieces in the final games against Illinois. Both Wisconsin and Northwestern had off years, the latter all but disbanding at the beginning of the season. The Purples' one joy lay in taking the two games played with Chicago. Among the rest of the conference colleges, Indiana, Iowa and Purdue have average teams, while Minnesota had none at all. According to one critic the following men have shown up best in their various positions, and are named as the all-star western college baseball team: Sanger, of Michigan, was the best pitcher of the year, winning nearly all his games. He has great speed and combines this excellent quality with hard work. Close at his heels comes Miller, of Chicago, and Opler, of Illinois. First-class catchers have been scarce, but Leahy, of Wisconsin, seems to have the call on the rest. Harper, of Chicago, and Hatch, of Michigan, probably stand next in the order named. At the first sack cutting, of Northwestern, is easily the leader. His long experience at Michigan stood him in good stead. He fields his position well and is a heavy hitter. For a green man, Abbott, of Chicago, has shown exceptional form. In another year he should develop into a top-notch pitcher. For second base, Welton, of Northwestern, seems to fill the bill. Not only is he a faster of skill and judgment, but he can also be called upon to line out a safe hit in a pinch, which is an excellent quality in an infielder. Brooks, who played for Illinois the latter part of the season, has shown up well. For shortstop, Campbell, of Michigan, has no close rival. He is easily the best in the west in his position, and has also the qualities of a captain. Wilkinson, Northwestern's little shortstop, has shown himself to be a player of the first water, his feeling being phenomenal at times. For third base, Griffith, of Illinois is perhaps the best who has played the position this season, although Baird, of Chicago, who was put in the outfield this year, is the better of the two. O'Brien, of Michigan, also holds the third sack down like a veteran, and is a hard hitter. In the outfield there are a number of good men—Paul and Baird, of Chicago; Rothgeb, of Illinois; Wendell, of Michigan, and Cummings, of Wisconsin, all first-class players. The two Maroons are sure in their catching and are good hitters, Paul being probably the best in the latter line of the whole bunch. Wendell, of Michigan, is a steady player, and although not a brilliant batter, has a knack of lining one out when most needed. The Illinois captain, Rothgeb, has not been sticking as well as formerly, but is a well when it comes to feeling.

Who is the champion of the big auto drivers at present? This is a question that is now agitating the motor racing world. Up to the present time Barney Oldfield has generally been rated as the premier, but Barney was recently defeated by Charles Baill in two straight heats, who, a few days later, went down to defeat before Louis Chevrolet in a record-breaking contest. Chevrolet, in the race, lowered the world's mile record from 0:55 to 0:52 4-5 in his huge 9-horsepower machine. On June 15 he also defeated Oldfield in two heats at a meet at Hartford, Conn. According to these performances Chevrolet has the best right to claim the honor.

Barney Oldfield, by his admission, is taking no chances nowadays. Oldfield has engagements now closed which will net him \$15,000, and he has already made that much money this year. With Oldfield racing is a business, pure and simple, and he has arranged matters nicely to save trouble and time. His racing and touring car are carried through the country in a special baggage car, which may be shipped as freight or express. He carries with him two mechanics, and thinks nothing of a thousand-mile trip to ride in one race. As indicating the money which may be made by a man of Oldfield's prominence, his bonus of \$2,000 for driving two days at St. Paul is cited. Oldfield rarely appears at a race he does not receive, win or lose, from \$500 to \$1,000 a day. His expenses are largely borne by the makers, and each of this is profit. Hereafter nearly all of this profit, as Oldfield has disposed with his manager, Ernie Moross, and is now booking his own dates. Providing he goes through this season successfully, it is probable that South Africa and Australia will see America's most prominent driver next winter.

Ogden, Utah, June 20.—The world's competitive five-mile motor record was broken by E. B. Heagren, of Salt Lake City, at Ogden, Utah. The time was 5:29 2-5, which is 23 4-5 seconds faster than Heagren's former world's record, made in Salt Lake City last June.

Hotel on the Desert.
One of the world's most remarkable hotels is situated on the Sahara desert, and from its windows on two sides the only vista is the boundless stretch of burning sand, but on the third, or Moroccan side, is a vision of the 13,000 palm trees.

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July 6, 1964

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Saturday, JULY 15th

2 PERFORMANCES—2:00 and 8:00 p. m.

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Dolly Miller	Melnotte, LaNols & Melnotte	Congress of Seals
Estelle Settler	Flying Victorellas Troupe	Camels, Llamas,
Al'lie Julien	Daring Aerial Weavers	Dromedaries Broken to Harness.
George Holland	Five Flying Barvards	Fierce Siberian Bears
Frank Miller	Famous Gardner Family	Cake-Walking Stallions
Austin King	Graceful McDonald Trio	One Hundred Shelling
Jos. Lucas	Seven Kishimons Japanese	Pony Ballet & Drill
Herbert Ramley	Six Sugimoto Japanese	Trained Pelicans & Pigs
Wm. Dutton	Lady's Swordsmen & Fencers	

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Lemon Snaps

CONTAINING THE COPY LAWS PASSED DURING SESSION OF 1903

THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1967

[illegible]

[illegible]

Section 6. Any officer, director or stockholder of any such company or companies, any member of such commission or employee of this State violating or causing the violation of the provisions of this Act shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten thousand dollars and by imprisonment for not less than one year, nor more than two years.

Section 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Enacted May 5, 1905.

ACT relation to existing, credit and
releasable corporations and adding a new
article to the statutes of 1905 to be
known as section 1905-31a.
People of the State of Wisconsin, rep-
resented in Senate and Assembly, do enact
as follows:
Section 1. There is hereby enacted and
added to the statutes of 1905 a new section
known as section 1905-31a which
shall read as follows: Section 1905-31a.

and fifty thousand dollars and having deposited two hundred fifty thousand dollars in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, may transact the kinds of business defined in subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 of section 10X-23 of these statutes.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 8, 1904.

ACT to amend section 413 of chapter
of the statutes of 1909, relating to
any for school buildings.

People of the State of Wisconsin, rep-
resented in Senate and Assembly, do enact
as follows:

Section 1. Section 413 of the statutes of
1909 is hereby amended so as to read as
follows: Section 413. For the purpose of
acting in the creation of a school house
school district, whether organized
by a township or by a school district,

now authorize the district board, school board or board of education to borrow money, to an amount which shall not in any way exceed the limitations now provided by general law. The resolution to be adopted upon shall be in writing, specifying the amount to be borrowed, the rate of interest, and the time and manner of payment, which shall be in annual installments, otherwise, the fact of which shall be liable is not exceeding fifteen years from

all bills shall be written or printed, as in favor of the loan: "For the loan," or opposed: "Against the loan." The collection and the vote shall be recorded. If adopted by a majority, the district board, school board or board of education shall be thereupon authorized to borrow a sum of any person on such terms, to execute and deliver to the lender such instrument therefor and such security for payment, including a mortgage or pledge

any bonds issued by any such school district, to secure any loan with bonds shall have been issued in conformity to law, including the provisions of this section, as amended are hereby declared to be and are

Section 2. All acts and parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Section 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 8, 1903.

412, S.] [Published May 8, 1903.
CHAPTER 173.
AN ACT to amend chapter 153 of the statutes of 1894, relating to enumeration.

Section 1. Chapter 123 of the statutes of 1941 is hereby amended by adding a new section to be known as section 3731a which shall read as follows: 3731a. At any time prior to the service of a summons in garnishment, either before or after judgment in the main action, the principal defendant may, if he desire, furnish to and file with the justice a bond in double the amount of plaintiff's claim with sufficient surety or co-defendant who shall guarantee the same.

LIMIT the amount of any final judgment obtained by the plaintiff against the defendant in said action in said court or in any court to which the same may be removed on appeal, and also the accrued costs said garnishee action up to the time of the said bond, and said garnishee may be discharged from all further liability garnishee therein.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

412, S.] [Published May 2, 1902.
CHAPTER 171.
ACT relating to joint school districts.
The People of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:
Section 1. A new section is hereby added to the statutes of 1902 to be numbered and read as follows: Section 412a. It is hereby made the duty of the town, village, city or school district board to submit any

of chapter 315 of the laws of 1903, to the voters of such town, village, city or school district upon the 22nd with said board of election in writing, praying for such submission, signed by at least ten per cent of the qualified electors who voted at the last preceding gubernatorial election in such town, city, village or school district.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

CHAPTER 173.
AN ACT to appropriate certain sums of money to the normal school fund income for the normal school buildings at Milwaukee and Platteville and to purchase and in Milwaukee; and to authorize the sale of certain normal school property.

THE PEOPLE of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. There is hereby appropriated

formal school building at Milwaukee for a state normal school there located, and traveling and equipping the same and purchasing land on which to build the same, the sum of one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars, one hundred thousand dollars to be now available and eighty-five thousand dollars to be paid out of the general fund in 1904, and such money to be expended in such manner and at such times, with such sums as may be derived

Section 2. There is hereby appropriated out of the general fund of the state out of any money not otherwise appropriated, to a normal school fund the sum of one hundred thousand dollars which sum, together with a sum heretofore appropriated, shall be used for the erection of a state normal school building at Marquette.

remain the same, one-half of said sum
rely appropriated to be now available
I one-half of said sum to be paid out of
a general fund in 1906. Said money shall
be expended in such manner and at such
times for the purposes aforesaid as is the
determination of the board of regents of normal
schools shall own best, and said board of
regents are hereby authorized to sell the
present normal school building and site at
Atterville, and use the money received
thereon with other moneys mentioned in

Section 3. It is further provided that no plan or plans shall be adopted and no contract or contracts shall be entered into by the board of regents for the building of normal school buildings, and for furnishing and equipping the same until such plan or plans and contract or contracts for the total cost of each, shall have been submitted to, and in writing approved by, the governor of the state, who shall within such approval with him shall have submitted to the general assembly.

normal school building or buildings can and shall be fully completed, furnished and equipped, according to such plan or plans and contract or contracts, including the purchase of land, for the amounts hereby provided for each particular purpose.

Section 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the passage and publication.

Approved May 8, 1903.

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granted or intended to be granted; provided that said bridge shall be provided with a proper and suitable draw or swing so as

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provided, nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting any railroad from giving any facilities incident to transportation and paying a reasonable rental therefor.

Reference Prohibited. Section 22. If a railroad shall make or give any undue unreasonable preference or advantage to any particular person, firm or corporation, or shall subject any particular person, firm or corporation to any undue or unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage in any such respect, it shall be deemed to be in violation of this act.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, such railroad shall not be held guilty of unjust discrimination, which is hereby prohibited and declared unlawful.

unlawful to accept rebates. Section 24 shall be allowed for any person, firm or corporation knowingly to accept or receive rebate, concession or discrimination in or to transportation of any property within this state, or for any person or corporation therewith, who shall pay such

ty shall, by any device whatsoever, transported at a less rate than that in the published tariffs in force at said ports, or whereby any service

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shall propounded, or shall knowingly or
silly give a false answer to any such
question, or shall evade the answer to any
question, where the fact inquired of
is in the knowledge of the person

any demand, false, malicious, or untrue, made by or on behalf of any person for the purpose of obtaining or attempting to obtain any money or property from any railroad or for the commission or attempt of the commission of any crime by or on behalf of any person authorized to examine same, any book, paper or account of a railroad, which is in his possession or control, or any document, record, or memorandum, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars nor more than three hundred dollars for each such offense; and a fine of not more than the amount of the money or property so obtained or attempted to be obtained, nor more than one hundred dollars shall be recovered from the offender for each such offense when such offender or employee acted in obedience to the instruction, instruction or request of a superior officer of the railroad or of the United States, or of any State or Territory. General Penalty for Violations by Employees. Section 27. If any railroad shall

any provision of this act, or shall
any act heretofore prohibited, or shall fail
refuse to perform any duty enjoined
it, for which a penalty has not been
vided, or shall fail neglect or refuse

any lawful requirement of the
by the commission, or any judgment
of the commission, or any violation
for every such violation, failure
into the state, shall forfeit and
into the state, shall forfeit and
not than one hundred dollars nor more. In
constructing and enforcing the provisions
section, the act, omission or failure
of the act, omission or failure of
or employed by any railroad, acting
in the hope of his employment, shall
every day for each day of the act,
omission or failure of such railroad.

Section 2. The com-
mission shall have power to do any
necessary to prevent injury to the pub-
lic health, safety or convenience, or
this state in consequence of interstate
commerce, or in case of any other emer-
gency, to suspend, temporarily alter,
temporarily alter, amend, or, with the
consent of the railway company con-
cerned, any existing laws, rules,
rates, schedules and orders on any
part of the railway, and to fix such
rates so made by the commission
apply on one or more of the rail-
roads of this state, and the same
may be directed by the commission, and

force for such length of time as may be prescribed by the commission.

regulation as provided by this act, the commission shall and that any charge, regulation or practice affecting the transportation of passengers or property, or any service in connection therewith, not heretofore specifically designated, is unreasonable or unjustly discriminatory, it shall have the power to regulate the same as provided in sections 12 and 14 of this act.

Article. Section 20. Every railroad, if, whenever an accident attended with loss of life or property occurs on its line of route or at any grade crossings or yards, give immediate notice thereof to the commission. In the event of such an accident, the commission, if deemed the public interest requires, it will cause an investigation to be made thereof, which investigation shall be conducted by the board of investigation and greater convenience to the accident, and shall order such investigation to be held at some other place, and said investigation may be adjourned to any place as may be found necessary and cause the commission shall seasonably notify an agent of station agent of the company of the time and place of such investigation. The cost of such investigation shall be paid by the chairman of the commis-

and the same shall be added and by the state in the same manner as the expenses are added and paid. Any inquiry into this act shall be an inquiry into the conduct of the railroad corporation doing business therein, or by the officers, agents or employees thereof, or by any person operating the railroad, and shall have the power, and it shall be its duty, to enforce the provisions of this act as well as all other laws relating to railroads and report all violations to the proper authorities.

quest of the commission it shall be the duty of the attorney general or the district attorney of the proper county, to aid and assist the commission in all matters under the provisions of this act, and to institute and prosecute all necessary actions or proceedings for the enforcement of the laws relating to railroads and for the punishment of all violations thereof. Any fine or penalty herein provided shall be paid by the person convicted and may be sought in the name of the state of Wisconsin in the circuit court for those counties. The commission shall have authority to employ such persons as it deems necessary for conducting its investigations, foreclosing, hearing or trial.

§ 6. In violation of law, Section 22. All persons against any railroad for loss of or damage to property caused by fire or other discharge upon any shipments, or for any

her claims, if not acted upon within the time specified in the preceding paragraph, shall be deemed to have been waived, and the said claims may be introduced by the commission, in its discretion, at any time, and the said claims shall be introduced in a special report which shall be open to public inspection and may be made the basis of the next annual report of the commission.

Technically Not to Invalidate. Section 10 of the act provides that the provisions of this act shall be sufficient to render void all sales, orders, acts and contracts of the commission, and that no act shall not be declared improper, illegal or void for any omission of a technical requirement.

Article of Action Not Waived. Section 11 of the act shall not have the effect to waive any claim or right of the state or by any person for any right, remedy or forfeiture, or for any claim or right, remedy or forfeiture under any law of this state; and all penalties and forfeitures provided for in the act shall be cumulative and a suit for, and recovery of one, shall not be a bar to the recovery of another.

Present Schedule in Force. Section 12 of the act provides that, unless the commission shall find that the schedule of rates and bearings as heretofore provided for is not in the public interest, it shall be unlawful for any railroad to receive a greater compensation for the transportation of property between points than the rate and bearing provided in the lowest published schedule of rates for the same service between the same points, in

returned in this state shall, within thirty days after the passage and publication of the act, file with the clerk of the court a copy of all schedules of rates, including the rates in force on the day of filing, before the date of the filing of the application, of April, 1906, and all rates in force between such points at any time subsequent to the filing of the application. If an advance or decrease in any such rate or rates may make application to the commission for a change in the rate or rates desired, giving the reasons for such advance or decrease. If the commission shall find it proper, the commission shall at a time and place for hearing, and give such notice as is required by law, to the parties proper interested parties. If after such hearing and investigation, the commission shall find that the change or modification is applied for is not a fair one, it shall refuse to grant the application either in whole or in part. Any railroad being dissatisfied with the action of the commission under the provisions of this section may commence an action against it in the circuit court in the manner provided in section 100.